THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Hampton & Co.) MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 144

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Ash, Scott & Co., jobbers and dealers in boots and shoes, 36 Main street.

Black, Cameron & Co., produce and commission merchants, Charleston Avenue, near M. & C. R. R. Depot.

Bradford & Hamilton, wholesale grocers and general commission merchants, No. 307 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

Brehly, F., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes, 41 Main street.

Brooks & Co., booksellers and stationers, 215 Main street.

Brown & Gribble, attorneys at law, over Tennessee National Bank, corner Jefferson and Main.

Boone, O. C. & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 21 Jefferson street.

Brigham, Sr. R., general railroad and steamboat ticket agent, Gayoso House.

Bourne & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 15 Jefferson street.

Beery, Dillard & Co., boots, shoes and leather agents, 214 Front street.

Citizens' Union Bank, 21 Madison street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cocaine, Dr. A. S., medicine office in Bethel Block, corner of Court and Main streets.

Carr & Humphreys, produce and commission merchants No. 1 Howard Row.

Chamberlin & Co., C., job printers, blank book manufacturers and stationers, 37 Main street.

Dickinson, John A., carpets, furniture, oil cloth, etc., 167 Irving Block.

Dobbins, J. W., & Bro., cotton factors, general commission and produce merchants, No. 291 Front street.

Eggleston & Son, newspaper and periodical agents, 10 Jefferson street.

Eastland & Gilbert, wholesale and retail dealers in queensware, china, glass, etc., 326 Main street.

Fredenhall & Wright, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 111-2 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Earnest Savings Institution, 7 Madison street.

Elder Brothers, mammoth cheap dry goods store, 297 Main street.

Foster, Gwynn & Co., grocers and cotton factors, 324 Front street.

Falls, J. W. & Co., druggists, 251 Main street.

Fingle, Beckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 326 Main street.

Harrington & Howell, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, No. 307 Front street.

Hunnewell & Uhl, & grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 29 Front street.

Ford & Co., J. O., manufacturers and dealers in saddles, harness, etc., 207 & 209 Main street.

Gates, Wood & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 20 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

Gayoso House, D. Cockrell, proprietor, Monroe, between Dayton and McCall streets.

Gardner & Gilliland, exclusive wholesale dealers in C. boots, shoes and hats, 20 Main street, up-stairs.

Gay, Alden & McCrea, commission and forwarding merchants, No. 28 Front street.

Glover, Dr. L. C., practices in the eclectic system; Virginia House, Adams street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Goodloe & Isbell, Stove dealers, 191 Main street.

Gospel, Leopold, music dealer, 23 Main street.

Greeley & Co, George M., grocers and cotton factors, 346 Main street.

Gunbinger, J., dealer in specialties, 313½ Main street.

Hart, H. W. & H. N., attorneys at law, 41 Madison street Dennis Block.

Howell, Wood & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in C. boots, shoes and hats, 325 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Harris & Co., P. L., importers and wholesale dealers in dry goods, 8 North Court street, Memphis, Tenn.

Homestead, Larry, Steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 12 Jefferson street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., wholesale and retail grocers, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 36 Front st.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, near Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Knight, Wm. B., dry goods, clothing, notions, etc., 193 Main street.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Building, Infirmary, Residence at General Hospitals.

Kennedy, Mr. Bell, agent and dispensary, Main street, between Madison and Monroe.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 328 Front street.

Lee, & Co., S., sandstone, Second street, between Union and Madison.

Lichtenstein & Stephens, dry goods, boot and shoemakers, 20 Main street.

Lane & Saunders, real estate agents, 228 Front street.

Lee & Miller, dealers in hats, caps, straw goods, &c., No. 2 Madison street.

Lee and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders, 2 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 342 Main street.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, 19 Union street.

Moore, Whitsell & Harper, cotton factors, storage and commission merchants, 84 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

McKinney, Bryant & Co., dealers in furniture, parlor oil cloth, 58 Main street, McKinney's old stand.

Memphis Insurance Co., 324 Madison street.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 4 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 4 Jefferson street, Memphis, Tenn.

Mckee & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McClure, J. H., architect and engineer, Gillham Block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Memorial & Montgomery, real estate agents, 271 Second street.

Matthes & Bro., liquor dealers, 321 Main street.

Mosley, J. R., coal dealer, 19 Union street.

Martin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 1230 Front street.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 19 Union street, between Second and Third.

Mackey & Co., George, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 321 Front street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 31 Madison street.

McCaffrey & Carruthers, general undertakers and embalmers of the dead, 317 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

Miles & Goddard, auctioneers, 97 Main street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailors, 3 Madison street.

Meakin Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 331 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and South Court streets.

Maxwell & Anderson, manufacturers of Portable Grinding Mills, Corn Shellers, etc., 19 Main street and 19 Madison.

Mason & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 12 Madison street.

Nevin & Kane, grocers and cotton factors, 176 Front street.

Orgill Brothers & Wood, 139, Fire and Marine Insurance Agents, Office 2 doors south of Madison street.

Orgill & Co., wholesale millinery agents, 219 Second street.

Pettibone & Co., George, booksellers and stationers, 14 Monroe street, corner.

Pettibone & Hooper, cotton and tobacco factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Pleasant, Carey & Co., produce and commission merchants, 16 Monroe street.

Powers & Meriwether, merchant tailors, 29 Second street.

Powell, W. C., Superintendent Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, foot of Jefferson street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 16 Madison street.

People's Insurance Company, W. R. Greenlaw, President, 16 Madison street.

Pioneers & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vineyard Block, 20 Main street.

Perkins, Schuchard & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in Pianos, Melodeons & Organs, 20 Madison street.

Pleasants, Sylvester & Co., commission and cotton factors, 20 Front street.

Pinkerton, Allan, detective agency, 121 Monroe street, Chicago, Ill.

Phillips & Crew Piano Co., 20 Madison street.

Quinn, Thomas, & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 307 Front street.

Rice & Terry, cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Rhodes & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite Gayoso House.

Rice, Hemingway & Co., cotton factors, 13 Union street.

Rogers & Co., S. C., Agents for the Singer Manufacturing Co., Southern Farmer, 27 Adams street.

Robbins, E. & Bradley, hardware merchants, 333 Second street, Adams Block, Memphis, Tenn.

Rudolph, Frank & Co., dealers in Real Estate, Bethel Block, Jefferson street.

Rice & Co., Wm. H., commission and clothing goods, 26 Main street.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Orr, agents; office, 21 Madison street.

Smith, W. H., undertaker, 10 Monroe street.

Smith, Gwyn, undertaker, 328 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Spitzer, William A. & Co., lumber dealers, 174 Madison street.

Savings Bank of Memphis, 291 Main street.

Segura, James, passenger agent, City Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Steinfeld, Jacob, dealer in fine liquors, 330 Front street.

Smith, Thomas G., Undertaker, 21 Monroe street.

Swain, James A., general insurance agent, 15 Union street, up stairs.

Sherwood, Watkins & Co., dry goods and commission merchants, 321 Main street.

Smith, R., architect and engineer, Irving Block, Second street, room 2 and 3.

Spencer, Henry C., prescriptions and family medicines drug store, corner Second and Madison streets.

Terry & Mitchell, wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, 325 Main street, Eclipse Building.

Thrall & Co., J. C., merchant tailors, 19 Jefferson street.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 15 West Court street.

Townsend, J. Pa & Sons, real estate brokers, 21 Madison street.

Vowell, E., auctioneer and commission merchant, 40 Union street.

Vinegar & Donohoe, steamboat agents, 24 Front street, up stairs.

Vannoy, A & Co., Liquor merchants, No. 324 Front street.

Ward & Mahoney, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 307 Second street.

Walker Brothers & Co., dealers in dry goods, 19 Main street.

Wallace, Mitchell & Co., wholesale grocers and provision dealers, No. 13 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Webb, R. E. & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 307 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

White, Kerr & Rootes, cotton factors, general commission and forwarding merchants, 26 Main street.

Wood & Rose, attorneys at law, 33 Second street.

Weber, H. R. & Bro., cotton factors and commission merchants, 20 Front street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

FOR GOVERNOR,

EMERSON ETHERIDGE

OF WEAKLEY COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

Hon. J. W. LEFTWICH.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

Hon. JOHN W. SMITH, of Shelby.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

Honorable DAN. ABLE,

Honorable W. W. COLEMAN.

State Central Executive Committee.
Colonel John Baxter, of Knox.
Hon. James Jones of Greene.
Hon. Charles S. Cameron, of Shelby.
Hon. Dorsey B. Thomas, of Humphreys.
Hon. John C. Gaut, of Davidson.
Hon. Wm. B. Campbell, of Wilson.
Hon. A. A. Steele, of Marshall.

TO THE PEOPLE OF WEST TENNESSEE.

Hon. EMERSON ETHERIDGE, Conservative candidate for Governor, will address the people of West Tennessee at the following time and places:

Purdy, Saturday, June 15th.
Bolivar, Monday, June 17th.
Jackson, Tuesday, June 18th.
Humboldt, Thursday, June 20th.
Dresden, Saturday, June 22d.

Papers of the district are requested to publish the above list of appointments.

The Fenian Burke is to be transported to the island of Portland.

The commerce of Galveston, Texas, it is estimated, will reach $80,000,000 this year.

The famous Tredegar iron works are in full blast near Richmond, employing four hundred men.

The mansion of H. B. Claflin, the well known New York merchant, was cleaned out by burglars last week.

At Richmond, Virginia, during last month, the revenue receipts from tobacco amounted to $250,000.

The Maryland Constitutional Convention has decided not to change the present legal rate of interest by a constitutional provision.

John B. Page, the prospective next Governor of Vermont, is forty years old, and will be the youngest Governor the State has ever had.

The Tallahassee *Sentinel* learns that Dr. Young, recently elected to the Bishopric of the Diocese of Florida, has accepted the distinguished honor thus bestowed upon him.

A negro boy named James Bird, a few days since, killed another negro named Russell, in Alexandria, Virginia, by knocking him in the head with a hoe handle. He then fled and made his escape.

The capital invested in agriculture in England amounts to £2,911,000,000, returning a profit of thirteen per cent.; the capital invested in manufactures is £218,000,000, and the annual profit 120 per cent.

A New York jury found out the other day when they came to make up a verdict, that a Prussian among their number, who had been observed to listen with great interest to all the proceedings, couldn't speak a word of English.

Coast pilot I. T. Sewell, of the United States steamer Franklin, reports having spoken, on the 14th of June, one hundred and seventy miles east by south from Sandy Hook, the raft Nonpareil, from New York for Europe, all well.

The *Fredericksburg Ledger* reports a man calling himself George William Thompson, and claiming to be a registrar, as having collected at one dollar per voter, two thousand dollars from the "intelligent contrabands" in the Northern Neck.

A hen is said to have the capacity of laying 600 eggs and no more—a fowl in her first year, from 330 to 390 in the next three, and the rest from the fifth to the ninth inclusive. The true economy, therefore, is not to keep hens after their fourth year.

The *Bankrupt Reporter* is the title of a periodical which is soon to be established in the City of Washington, and, which, as its name indicates, will chronicle all of the proceedings under the Bankrupt Act which may transpire in the North and South.

The last fashion in Paris seems to cap the climax of ridicule. It is the new form of announcing a birth: "Monsieur de X—— has the honor to inform you of his birth, which took place day before yesterday. He and his mother are as well as may be expected."

Queen Victoria has written an autograph letter to the Emperor congratulating him on the success of the Exposition, and expressing regrets that she will be unable to visit the Exposition herself with customary ceremonies; but the letter leaves it to be inferred that she will visit Paris.

A Southern widow, says the Baltimore *Commercial*, the niece of a former Northern President of the United States, and at one time a resident of the White House, has lately received from a benevolent gentleman of Boston the means to keep herself and children from absolute starvation.

Much of the article known in this country as ivory, is merely part of the skin bone of an ox. Mr. Peter Cooper contracts for the legs, between the knee and the hoof, of all the oxen killed to supply the city of New York with meat, 24,000 weekly, and the bones of the same are made up into parasol handles.

Mr. Henry Blair shot and killed a catamount, about six miles east of Lebanon, on the 11th inst., measuring five feet eight inches from the nose to the end of his hind foot, two feet high, foot seven inches wide from claw to claw, and weight of the body thirty-five pounds.

There was a prize fight at Newton, New York, last Sunday, between Patrick Clifford and Patrick Mooney. Twenty-one rounds were fought, lasting forty-seven minutes, Clifford proving victor. Another prize fight was fought between Tom Dunn and C. Connors at Weehawken the same day. Eleven rounds were fought, Connors proving victorious.

A paragraph has been going the rounds of the papers to the effect that John Anstrim, of St. Louis, has recently fallen heir to the immense estate of the Earl of Antrim, who died in Ireland a few weeks since. The St. Louis *Dispatch*, since the report, has climbed the family tree of the Anstrims, and found that before John can get his fingers into the Earl's rich pie, about two or three hundred of his relatives, who have prior claims, will have to kindly consent to rest in the tomb. When last heard from, none of the Anstrims had indicated a disposition to favor John, of St. Louis, in the small matter required.

It is thought Delaware will send 2,000,000 baskets peaches to market.

The Quaker city, with the Holy Land excursionists, sailed on the 10th.

Henry F. Durant, lawyer and preacher, of Needham, Massachusetts, returns an income of $88,221.

The *Democrat* claims that St. Louis is the most naturally healthy city on the continent.

The Grotto has been discovered by excavators at Rome where Romolus and Remus were suckled by the wolf.

A man died in Chicago Thursday from the joint effects of sunstroke and whisky, the former superinduced by the latter.

An affray Monday on Center street, New York, between Irishmen and negroes, was stopped by the police. Nobody was severely hurt.

The Eureka cotton mills in Houston, Texas, turns out about a thousand yards of cloth daily. It saves a vast deal of transportation of Texas cotton to Northern manufactories.

Wm. Dodwarth, the financial editor of the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, was wounded in the thigh while taking a bath in his own house, in Brooklyn, by a careless boy shooting at a mark.

Mr. Hoffman, Juarez's Consular agent, was compelled to leave Cuba by the Captain General. He has protested against the proceeding, and claims $100,000 from the Spanish Government.

The Nashville *Gazette* says: "Dave Nunn, Radical candidate for Congress from the Memphis district, refuses to stump the district in company with Leftwich. Perhaps an offer of $100 might remove his objections, as it did those of Bill Stokes. Let our Memphis friends try, by all means, the mysterious efficacy of the "almighty dollar."

Wendell Phillips, in another article in the *Anti Slavery Standard*, thus speaks of Jefferson Davis: "I repudiated the idea of trying him by a jury—not, however, from any doubt that he could be convicted. Take him to Lawrence, Kansas, and try him for Quantrell's murders; take him within sight of St. Albans, and set him before a Vermont jury—does any man doubt that he could be convicted? But I would no more honor him with a jury trial than I would an adder."

The Bolivar *Bulletin* learns from good authority, that Dr. Wm. Thompson and James Holmes, residents of McNairy, and who live just beyond the Hardeman line, have been notified, by some persons unknown, to leave for a safer locality. As the gentlemen belong to the Conservative side, it is presumed that political enemies gave the warning note. Fearing that violence might be done should they remain at their homes, they have left the county.

An Illinois farmer recently went to Indiana, commenced proceedings for a divorce, and, returning home, lived with his wife as usual. In due time he received a copy of the decree of divorce, which he put in his pocket for future use. But the wife soon heard of it from another source, and, leaving him, procured a copy of the Indiana record, and sued her husband for alimony.

The Bolivar *Bulletin* says that in portions of McNairy county the farmers are cutting half-ripe wheat to feed plow stock on. Corn is so scarce and high that it cannot be procured in necessary quantities; hence the necessity of feeding wheat for roughness. Along the road from Bethel to Purdy cotton and corn crops appeared only in tolerable order; nothing to brag on.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

Freedmen to be Appointed to the Common Council.

Letter from General Swayne.

From the Mobile Times, 13th.]

The following letter to I. I. Jones, Esq., in response to his communication published recently, declining the appointment as a member of the new Board of Common Council, is just received, and will be read with deep interest by our citizens, as indicating the policy to be pursued by the military commander of this State:

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF ALABAMA,
MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 10, 1867.

I. I. Jones, Esq., Mobile, Alabama:

SIR: Your note of the 6th instant, declining re-appointment as Councilman from the Eighth Ward of the city of Mobile, is this morning received.

Your nomination in special orders No. 19, from these headquarters, was designed simply to remedy the omission of your name from the list of original appointments, and not to be in any sense compulsory. Such a necessity is happily prevented by the presence of that large class of your fellow-citizens who have heretofore been denied the right of suffrage and participation in municipal affairs, but whose patriotism will prevent them from following your example. The vacancy will be immediately filled by selection from among them.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
WAGER SWAYNE, Major General.

[We rather think the late opinion of the Attorney General will take the shortening out of that biscuit.]

ANOTHER LOYAL LEAGUE OUTRAGE.

How the Bureau Treated it.

We learn from the Nashville *Banner* that a strong party of Loyal Leaguers visited the house of a Mr. Roberts, on Duck river, Middle Tennessee, a few nights since, to take vengeance on him for discharging and driving off a worthless and insulting negro. He heard them coming and escaped. They rumaged the house and made terrible threats. Mr. Roberts reported to the Bureau agent. The captain of the mob, a kottle black negro, was requested to present himself. He did so with a drawn sabre, at the head of his gang. The Bureau man took the two into a room, kept them three hours, and the conference closed. The complainant came out, and "the Captain" ordered his men into line, right-faced them and moved out, arms at will. To inquiries from the parties interested as to what was the only answer received was that the matter was compromised, and in the language of the Bureau, was all quieted, if *outsiders* did not insist on its being "it up."

Governor Pierpont and the Pardon of Prestman Bagley.

Governor Pierpont, of Virginia, in answer to a request of Paul Bagley to sign a petition for the pardon of Jefferson Davis, writes as follows:

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, June 4, 1867.

I ask for the pardon of no man who will not ask for his own pardon. God cannot pardon unless the transgressor first asks for his own pardon. Reason—Contrary to the established law of God. F. H. PIERPOINT.

Rev. PAUL BAGLEY.

We learn from the *Gazette* that John Bailey employed in the Quartermaster's Department at Nashville, has been dismissed. Upon asking the reason, his chief said: "You are a rebel, and do not uphold the Government." Mr. Bailey retorted by saying that he had fought two years for the Government, and was willing to do so again, but he was not willing to be run by the Radicals in destroying it. "If this is the blight of my offence," said he, "I do not wish the situation. I am for President Johnson, served my country from the foot of the Rocky Mountains to the Florida coast." Mr. Bailey says that he served ten years in the United States Army, five years on the Indian frontier campaigns, and five years in the late war. He now holds an honorable discharge, endorsed as a soldier of excellent character, by Major General R. W. Johnson, General Thomas, Major D. S. Stanley and Major Joseph Rendlebrook.

A U. S. SENATOR ROBBED BY BRIBERY.

Extraordinary Developments.

Radical Morals.

From the New Orleans Picayune of the 16th.]

Nevada is very much of a spawn of New York, and Senator Nye, himself, a New York adventurer, became barnburner, and afterwards Republican, and a factotum for managing of the wires for any party to which he was attracted by its brightening prospects. No man ever was better instructed in the way of humbugging voters, and buying and selling votes, and if there were profit on it, of selling himself and buying another. In Nevada, at the last election, he was a candidate for Senator and was elected. The charge was made on the floor of the Legislature that he had bought the seat with cash in hand. A committee of the Legislature was raised to investigate the facts, and the report of that committee has fallen into the hands of the San Francisco editor, who gives copious extracts from the testimony.

The following are specimens of the testimony, from which it is evident that other candidates were "farred" with the same brush; they were provided with large funds with which a shameless traffic was carried on for the votes of the members.

The first witness, Robert Hannegan, testified that Robert Cullen, member from Lander county, when urged by him to go for DeLong, admitted that he had sold his vote to the Nye men for $1350, but offered to procure his colleague's, Jacobs, vote if any one would buy his, J.'s, rancho for $1500 in greenbacks. Cullen went off to see Jacobs, but returned and reported that they had stolen out of bed. He was in Nye's room. This money paid Cullen was afterwards stolen from him by one of DeLong's cappers to buy him back from Nye.

C. B. Winston testified that Seymour Pixley tried to procure his services to bribe one Bence, of Ormsby county. Outside votes for John B. Winters were worth from $3,000 to $5,000. Winters, he told him, had about $80,000 to secure his election.

The next witness proves that Nye had provided $3000 in gold for a note which he did not get.

The next witness was Gregory A. Sears, who testified that:

William N. Leet gave me a check for $300 signed by himself and drawn on Wells, Fargo & Co., of Carson city, with instructions that if Frank Proctor voted for Nye I was to turn the check over to Seymour Pixley; afterward I was instructed by the parties to draw the coin and hold it for the same purpose, which I did; afterwards I was instructed not to pay over the coin, as Proctor did not vote for Nye; I afterwards returned the coin to Wells, Fargo & Co., subject to Leet's order, I saw Leet after Proctor voted for United States Senator; he said "Proctor had broken his agreement; don't pay over the money."

A man from Storey county swore that he had an offer of a position in the Mint and $2000 in money, if he would vote for Nye. Another member testified that he had been offered $3000, and then $6000, to vote for DeLong, Nye's competitor, and so on through a series of witnesses, who all swear that they were engaged in buying and being bought to vote in the Senatorial election.

VALLANDIGHAM vs. WILSON.

Letter from the Hon. C. L. Vallandigham.

DAYTON, OHIO, June 8, 1867.

J. Withers Clay, Esq., Huntsville, Ala.:

SIR: In the speech at Huntsville, of Henry Wilson, *nee* Jeremiah Colbaith, as published in your paper (the *Democrat*) of May 31, 1867, are three deliberate falsehoods relating to myself, in just twice as many lines.

1. I am not one of those "who encouraged rebellion, said there would be no war," etc.; but just the reverse. I never expressed or held the opinion that Northern or Western Democrats would assist the South in a war for secession and independence. So far as the war was waged on the part of the South, for this purpose, she never had my sympathy. As waged by the North, I was opposed to it at every point from beginning to end, for reasons which TIME is now vindicating every day.

2. I never said that Northern troops should "march over my dead body."

3. The pretended incident related by Wilson about an Ohio regiment passing my house never had an existence, nor even a shadow of foundation.

My crime during war, was that I consistently and persistently loved and defended constitutional liberty and the Old Federal Republic throughout.

I beg your pardon and my own for condescending to notice anything from this vulgar itinerant charlatan. My only apology is that he is the successor of Daniel Webster in what remains of the United States Senate—and has lately "experienced religion."

Very truly, etc.,
C. L. VALLANDIGHAM.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

THE BARGE QUESTION.

Reduction in the Rates of Freight.

A Meeting of Merchants and Traders.

Illustrative Statements.

We return to the consideration of the Barge question, because we are keenly alive to its eminent importance—because we perceive that other cities are availing themselves of the advantages of the bargetowing system, while Memphis remains supine, and permits the advantages she possesses to be snatched away from her by the enterprise of others. While advocating and urging this system, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we make war upon and object to no others. We stand steadily by the great steamboat interest, without which this great valley, with its teeming products, would have still remained a comparative wilderness. The benefits it has conferred are indeed incalculable, and the reciprocal feeling should be commensurate. But we must not close our eyes, in the moment of gratefulness, to the successful rivalry instituted by rival cities, in cheapening transportation, and devising the mode of transferring heavy burdens at a comparatively nominal cost.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS,

and it behooves the merchants of Memphis to act in this matter at once. At this season, there is a lull in business, and time is not occupied, as when trade is brisk; so that there is a plenty to spare for the calm and considerate contemplation and examination of this subject. Let a meeting be called at, or by, the Chamber of Commerce, at an early day, and the matter be discussed by all interested, pro and con., so that it may be comprehended and understood in all its bearings.

THE REDUCED COST OF TRANSPORTATION

has already received attention in these columns. It has been shown that a larger amount of freight can be propelled by the same steam power, than by any other process could be conveyed through the instrumentality of steam. This, of itself, affords the most ample illustration of its capability in the reduction of freights. The statements which we shall incorporate in this article will be conclusive, however, on that point, if there be left any doubting Thomases amongst us. We have shown that ten large barges, with a tug of sufficient power to propel them, with or against the stream, capable of conveying five thousand tons, or twice that amount, can be constructed for a less sum than is ordinarily lavished on a single steamboat of one-tenth that capacity.

COAL, HAY AND GRAIN IN BULK

have long been conveyed by means of barges, until it seems the natural mode, without exciting animadversion or even remark. What is to prevent four and scores of any other commodity that is shipped in quantity, being conveyed by similar conveyances? Freights must be brought to Memphis by this mode, else she will remain at a disadvantage and be compelled to defer to her more northern and more alert and enterprising neighbors. Manufactures are springing up here, and it behooves our citizens who are engaged in, or interested in them, to avail themselves of all appliances that will place them on an equality with all competitors. It is idle to tell us that this is recurring to first principles, "the primitive days of keelboats and broad horns." We must protect our trade, and if that which has been adopted by others facilitates their operations to our detriment, we must be up with them or suffer loss.

TIDE STATISTICS

willshow whether or not we should cling to ancient usages, or enter upon more modern styles. In the olden time, barges had no tugs or towboats to propel them, but were managed by the brawny arms of the hardy boatmen. The effect of modern improvement may be judged by these tables:

Statement, showing the difference in freight between present Steamboat and proposed Barge rates from St. Louis and Memphis:

[illegible] Flour from St. Louis to Memphis, Steamboat, $2 00
[illegible] Flour from St. Louis to Memphis, Barge, $1 ..... 1 00

50 tons freight from St. Louis to Memphis, steamboat, $2 per ton $100 00
50 tons ..... barge, $1 per ton 50 00

100 barrels pork from St. Louis to Memphis, steamboat, $2 per $200 00
100 ..... barge, $1 ..... 100 00

100 sacks corn from St. Louis to Memphis, steamboat, $2 per $200 00
100 ..... barge, $1 ..... 100 00

Saving by barge line on—

100 barrels flour $100 00
50 tons freight 50 00
100 barrels pork 100 00
100 sacks corn 100 00

The steamboat rates quoted are published in the St. Louis *Republican*, June 7th to 19th, 1867.

Statement of rates of freight from St. Louis to Memphis and Vicksburg, showing the rates to be lower to Vicksburg than to Memphis. The rates are as advertised in the St. Louis *Republican*, from 7th to 10th June, 1867:

TO MEMPHIS. TO VICKSBURG.
Flour ..... per bbl. Flour ..... per bbl.
Pork ..... per bbl. Pork ..... per bbl.
Corn and oats ..... per sack. Corn and oats ..... per sack.
Heavy freight ..... per ton. Heavy freight ..... per ton.

Showing the Memphis merchant pays fifteen cents per barrel on flour, from twenty-five to per barrel on pork, five cents per sack on corn, and five cents per one hundred pounds more freight from St. Louis to Memphis than the merchant does from St. Louis to Vicksburg.

NO INVIDIOUS DISTINCTION

is sought to be instituted, to the disparagement of our excellent packets, in whose continued success we all feel a deep and abiding interest. They are conducted on high and honorable principles, and are worthy of the estimation in which they are held. But facts are stubborn things. If our supplies are brought here by steamboats, and St. Louis sends her freight to points below in barges, there is little margin left us for competition, and it is easily susceptible of demonstration that our trade will be swept away from us under our own eyes, and so suddenly that we shall start from our sluggishness like one disturbed in a pleasant dream by a midnight intruder. We, therefore, urge upon our merchants to take this matter in hand, and after due examination, place their shoulders to the wheel, that the car of our commerce may not be rendered a *permanent* institution instead of gliding on smoothly and prosperously.

TO THE COUNTRY PRESS.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE are prepared to furnish a fine quality of printing ink, black and colored, at Eastern prices, for CASH. In ordering, let the kind of press used be stated.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Young Lady Returning to her Country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three, she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the *Circassian Balm*, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. By its use any lady or gentleman can improve the personal appearance a hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing and beautifying, the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as nature intended it should be, clear, healthy and beautiful. Price $1, sent by mail or express on receipt of an order by

W. A. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American agents for the sale of the same.

Wonderful but True.

Madam Remington, the world renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the use of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychometrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and lifelike picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, etc. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information. Address, in confidence, Madame Gertrude Remington, P. O. Box 257, West Troy, N. Y.

Know Thy Destiny.

Madame E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychostrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, etc. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send, when desired, a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and a pre-paid envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address (in confidence) MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 225, Hudson, N. Y.

TAILORS, CLOTHING.

J. C. THRALL & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 19 JEFFERSON STREET,

MEMPHIS, ... TENNESSEE

A SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF

Cloths and Cassimeres Just Received.

In store

MERCHANT TAILORING!

POWER & McGROY,

MERCHANT TAILORS

235 Second Street.

We keep always on hand a choice stock of

FRENCH CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

VESTINGS AND LINENS.

☞ We will Make to Order, at Reduced Prices, at our old stand, 235 Second street. jel-6m

MURRAY & RIDGELY.

(Late of Alexandria, Va.,)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 3 MADISON STREET,

ARE just opening an entirely new stock of

Merchant Tailoring Good

We make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee as fine as all orders. may 23

W. H. SELDEN, Virginia. J. WILLIAMS, Jr., Memphis. R. F. KNOX Virginia.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & Co.,

LUMBER DEALERS,

NO. 174 MADISON STREET,

ON THE BAYOU, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Commission Merchants and Contractors will find it to their interest to give us a call. We keep all kinds of

Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc., Etc jl-6m

COTTON YARN,

Manufactured at Bay Springs, Tishomingo county, Miss.

No. 10, 10½ cents.
No. 60, 32½ cents.

CUNNINGHAM, WIKES & MALONE,
13 Union street, Lee Block.

Inspection.

BY ordered by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis, That the City Inspector be allowed to charge the drayage and pay of assistant, when called on to inspect white, bright and red cotton, as follows: Whenever it becomes his duty to do so throughout the city; and when he has to take a hammer to get a sample by the bale, not less than five dollars, to be paid by the party for whose benefit the inspection is made; provided the action are correct, as by the sort of sample, weights and measures if they are incorrect, the party shall pay nothing.

Approved June 6, 1867. W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.
A. H. RICHARDS, Register. jel-6m

Excursions or Picnics.

ALL persons having in contemplation a short excursion or picnic, and wishing to charter a good boat for the purpose, should call at once and see the fine steamer ALEX. SCOTT, which is now in port, and can be chartered on reasonable terms for excursions of the above character. Apply to

K. PEALE & CO.,
No. 3 Hadley Block.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Attachment Sued.

THE plaintiff, on affidavit that the defendant, Hadley Jones, is not a resident of this State, and have obtained from J. R. Richardson, Clerk and Master of Lauderdale county, Tenn., an original attachment against the effects of the defendant, returnable on the first Monday in the 27th day of April, 1867, for the matter in controversy in the bill filed in the cause having been executed on the defendant's property, and the said defendant not having appeared, and given bond and security according to law, it is therefore ordered that the said defendant do appear before the Chancellor at the next Court of Chancery, to be held at the Court House in the town of Ripley, Lauderdale county, Tenn., on the first Monday in April next, and plead, answer or demur to the complainant's bill, or the same will be pronounced upon as confessed. And it is further ordered that this notice be published in the Memphis Weekly Avalanche. This April 8th, 1867.

R. A. THOMPSON,
Justice of the Peace for Lauderdale county, Tenn.
ap8-3w

Public Parks.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to ride, drive or lead any horse, mule or other animal, or to drive any cattle, sheep or hogs, through any of the public parks of the city, except by permission from the Superintendent of said parks.

Approved May 6, 1867. W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.
Attest—I. R. RICHARDS, City Register.

Privilege Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, privilege licenses for the following named articles shall be as follows:

For selling fruits each person shall pay twenty dollars annually.

Which fruit-stands consisting of every person engaged in said business, shall pay one hundred dollars annually.

Minor exhibitions, for gain, shall pay twenty dollars quarterly.

Shows or exhibitions within doors, for gain, shall pay one hundred dollars every quarter in advance.

On all stores imported over one hundred thousand dollars of groceries, fifteen dollars; and other merchandise, twenty one dollars for each additional ten thousand dollars shall be paid by every firm or persons doing business.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved May 31, 1867. W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.
Attest—I. R. RICHARDS, Register. jel-6m

City Pound.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

SECTION

WANTS.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, in family or Court neighborhood. Address "Room," this office. jun 14

WANTED—The owner of a New Dress, with red lining, to call at No. 7 picked up on Washington street last night. Call at 111 Poplar street, second floor, properly, pay costs and have the same removed. jun 14

WANTED—A good COOK, white or black woman—to go to Yazoo City. Also, to hire a boarding house servant. Must be recommended as honest and good servants. Apply to this office. jun 14

WANTED—Two Journeymen Tailors. Apply to PETER TOWNSEND, No. 47 Poplar street. jun 14

A GENTS WANTED—For "The History of the War between the States," containing its Causes, Conduct and Results, by Hon. ALEX. H. STEPHENS, late Vice President of the Confederate States. Also, for "The Life of Gen. R. E. LEE," by HENRY CLAY LEE, a relative of the General, and an old friend. Address NORA DAVIS, Publishing AGENT, 141 Main street, Hartford, Conn. apr30-1yr

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A nice RESIDENCE on Beal street, south side, third door west of Orleans street. Possession given on the first day of December. Apply at Allen House, corner Main and Monroe streets, or to W. ALLEN. jun 14 No 345 Main street.

FOR RENT—Four nice Sleeping Rooms. Any one wanting a good and pleasant room can find one by calling at my residence in Jefferson street. FRANK SALAMACHIA. jun 14 No. 15 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—A large and convenient WAREHOUSE, situated on Causey street, recently occupied by Jones & Co. Possession given immediately. Apply to J. J. WOOD, 272 Main street, or S. H. ROBERTSON, 3 Monroe street. jun 14

FOR RENT—If you want a neat COTTAGE with five rooms, well finished in a neat and healthy locality, then call at Avery street, No. 56, without delay. jun

FOR RENT—A HOUSE containing seven rooms; suitable for a boarding house. Also, a HOUSE and LOT on Prince and Jackson. Apply to GEO. HELLERICH, jun 10 No. 42 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—A very comfortable Gothic Cottage Dwelling House, with modern conveniences, and good neighborhood, on south side of Jefferson street extended, third house east of the Lauderdale mansion. Also, ALL THE FURNITURE, ALL NEW, can be purchased at reasonable terms. Possession given 15th of June. Any person wishing to look at the premises can call on Mrs. Lauderdale, who will show them. Apply to E. WALLACE, Agent. jun 14 Mallory

FOR RENT—STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's new N block, corner of Second Court and Main streets. Apply to the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. F. WALKER, Jr., in Rooms No. 1 and 2. jun 14

FOR RENT—Two new DWELLING HOUSES, nearly finished, with all modern conveniences, on Linden street, between Lauderdale and Orleans streets, in one of the best neighborhoods and the most delightful part of the city. Be sure rented running within a few days of the 25th inst. Possession. Inquire of J. J. RAWLINGS, jun 14 No. 364 Front street.

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE Building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room. jun 14

BOARDING.

BOARDING—For rent, with board, a large, airy, front room, in the house northwest corner Second and Washington streets. Also, one in the rear. Apply on the premises, to Mrs. SMITH. jun 14

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a gentleman and lady, at reasonable rates; also, a few day boarders. Apply at No. 7 Gayoso street, between Main and Second and Gayoso and Front streets. References exchanged. mar15

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—THE ROBERT EMMET SALOON, including the entire fixtures of the same. The house is one of the best paying saloons in the city. A bargain can be had by application in person in a short time, on the premises. 346 Main street. jun 12

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, in good order, all complete. Apply to MONSARRAT & MONTGOMERY, 276 second street, Avery building. jun 12

FOR SALE—A desirable RESIDENCE, located on extensive lots on Beal street. Apply to J. ROSS, jun 10-1m At Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office.

FOR SALE—A large, first-class WATER-TANK, in good order. Apply at this office. may 27

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—One large SORREL MULE, with short tail, halter turned on left fore foot, sore on the left side of his back, grew stub deep in his shoulders; a reward will be given for his return to Stable, on Causey street. FRED A. MYERS. jun 14

$25 REWARD—Strayed from Estes & Co.'s H Mc street, a SORREL MARE MULE, between fifteen and sixteen hands high, nine or ten years old, has a small white spot in the hind legs, mane trimmed short, tail not been trimmed lately. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the mule to Estes & Co., or for such information as will lead to the secure of the same. We will give the above reward for the return of the mule. Estes & Co. jun 12-1w

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—If the party who, through mistake, entered my room at the Gayoso House on the night of the 6th inst., will call at No. 6 and 8 Gayoso street, he will find something to his advantage. I will be much obliged if he will call as soon as possible. C. E. HALLSTON. jun 14

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the firm of RICKS & SMITH is dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to call and settle their accounts. Those having claims against said firm are requested to present them for payment. RICKS & SMITH. jun 14

NOTICE—Owners HAMBURG INSURANCE COMPANY, Memphis, Tenn., are notified that a meeting for the Election of Directors of the Company will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, June 15, 1867, between the hours of 10 o'clock and 2 P.M. BEN MAY, jun 12 Secretary.

NOTICE—At a meeting of the Corporators of the Memphis Mutual Insurance Company, held this day, the following resolution was passed, to be opened at the office of Messrs. Collingham, White & Malone, No. 170 Union street, for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, and that they be held open for the space of ten days from and after this date. M. J. WICKS, C. E. MALLORY, C. E. BRUNDAGE, R. BURT, Corporators. jun 10-10t

NOTICE—An Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Memphis Manufacturing Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Memphis, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF JUNE next, at 10 o'clock, p. m., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year. BEN MAY, may 31 Secretary.

MOTH AND FRECKLES—The only reliable remedy for the removal of MOTH, FRECKLES and TAN, is PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Prepared only by DR. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists in the United States. Price of purchase. Price $1 per bottle. may 31-1yr

$1,000 CASH will purchase a legitimate business in the city, established the last three years. It pays, and pays from four hundred dollars per month upwards, even in these dull times. Two hundred dollars per month will be secured in the Banks of Memphis during dull season. Reasons for selling. Unless you have the money and mean business, please do not call. C. W. FOOS, may 31 No. 196 Main street.

NOTICE—To the Creditors of Michael Garrity—I will apply at the July term of the County Court of Shelby for orders of adjustment and distribution of the effects of Michael Garrity, deceased. MARTIN GARRITY. jun 10

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the estate of Michael Garrity, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly proven, for settlement or payment; and those indebted to the estate will come forward and make payment. CHARLES GARRITY, jun 10-1mw Administrator, etc.

NOTICE—At the May term of the County Court, I obtained letters of administration on the estate of JOHN MURPHY, deceased. All creditors of the Estate are notified to file their claims, properly proven, with the Probate Clerk, and all persons indebted to the Estate are notified to come forward and make payment. E. MARDIS. jun 10

NOTICE—All persons are cautioned against trading for a note drawn by Jas. L. Tate and John E. Smith in favor of D. Hamilton, dated March 1, 1867, for $100, as the said note was drawn have not been fulfilled. JAMES L. TATE, jun 10 JOHN E. SMITH.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election to the Senate from Fayette and Hardeman counties. jun 10-td

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. THOS. W. LEATHERS as a candidate for re-election to Congress. apr19-tf

THURSDAY, : : : : : : : : : JUNE 20, 1867

THERE is a low lived whelp in Mississippi by the name of R. W. FLOURNOY, who deserves to be gibbeted with the contempt of the people. The public press of Mississippi are celebrating the deeds of this poor devil, who may be regarded as a fair sample of those Radicals who once espoused the Confederate cause. New converts are always noisy, and, of course, such creatures as ORR and FLOURNOY are bitter and vindictive. To show what a dirty dog FLOURNOY is, we give a short sketch of his career in Mississippi. A few weeks since General ORD, commanding the Fourth Military District, issued an order advising all freedmen against taking any part in political matters. This order greatly outraged R. W. FLOURNOY, of Pontotoc, who wrote to Secretary STANTON and General GRANT, asking that General ORD be required either to modify the order or that he be removed, so as to give the position to one more just to all classes. Mr. FLOURNOY wrote a long letter to General ORD, telling him that it was absolutely necessary to secure both the peace and loyalty of Mississippi that a branch of the Republican party should be organized. General ORD returns this letter with the indorsement that he holds the opinion that the most important duty devolving upon freedmen is that they provide by their own labor for their support, and that he cannot see that this opinion can be construed to the benefit of rebels or Union men; to prevent poverty and starvation among the masses the soil must be tilled. Part three of General Order No. 5 means this and this only, and has no political bearing whatever, as the General commanding has no connection with political parties. He will neither prevent nor assist party organizations. The course of General ORD is worthy of commendation. He was actuated solely by a desire to prevent poverty and starvation. But FLOURNOY, like the Radical party in this city, cared nothing for the future welfare of the negro so he can use him in building up a Radical party. And now, to show what sort of creature this man FLOURNOY is—this new born champion of the negro, we have only to refer to the proceedings of the Mississippi Convention that voted the State out of the Union. The following is the vote on the ordinance of secession:

AYES—Mr. President, Alcorn, Anderson, Aldridge, Barksdale, Baldwin, Backstrom, Booth, Brantly, Brooke, Benton, Bonns, Berry, Boling, Bookter, Clayton of Marshall, Clayton of Lowndes, Catchings, Chalmers, Clibbet, Clapp, O. Davis, J. S. Davis, Dease, Deason, Donglas, Dyer, Deason, Eckford, Edwards, Elliet, Finer, Flournoy, Fountaine, George, Glenn, Gibson, Gwinn, Harris, Herring, Hill, Holt, Isatin, Johnson of Dedoke, Johnson of Jefferson, Jones, Keirn, Keith, Kennedy, King, Lea, Lamar, Lowers, Lewis, Mason, McGehee of Pancla, Miller of Pontotoc, Miller of Tunica, Neely, Nelson, Orr, Pittman, Powell of Covington, Ramsey, Roberts, Rogers, Semmes, Smart, Summes, Stevens, Terrall, Theo. Taylor, Thompson, Vaughan, Walter, Welsh, Wiley, Wilkinson, Woods, Wylie—84.

NAYS—Blair, Bonds, Bullard, Cummings, Farrar, Hurst, Myers, Marshall, Parker, Reynolds, Sanders, Thornton, Winchester, Yerger, Young—18.

FLOURNOY voted against every proposition in the Convention of a conciliatory character. In abusing the North he grew wild with rage. His hair stood on end. His fingers were wide distended and he frothed at the mouth like a dog with the hydrophobia. He rushed frantically to the field of battle. He raised a company, went to Virginia, but for dishonorable conduct was requested to resign. He procured a divorce from his wife in Georgia, and soon afterwards married his wife's neice. This is one of the infamous gang who are now crying out for confiscation and for organizing a Radical party in Mississippi. The impudence of this man is sublime. The people of Mississippi will drive the rascal out of the State, provided he can be moved by the concentrated scorn of the men he once betrayed, and whom he now proposes to persecute.

SOLON, when crossed, used to give a "great stroke with his stick upon the ground," and the SOLON of the *Appeal* seems disposed to imitate this example. Our neighbor has somehow or other got the impression that he has secured a copyright to history, and every time we infringe upon his patent, he strikes his button across his editorial desk, in imitation of the Athenian lawgiver, or rather like the mountaineer, beating the head off a huge rattle snake. History is often repeating itself, and that is what makes us say that "the Past the Great Teacher;" but to prove this we do not propose to lumber our columns with classic lore. But our neighbor is not only a "Teacher," but he has turned proof reader. He hunts for typographical errors in our local columns, as well as in our editorial articles. This is certainly a small business in "the Past, the great Teacher." Since our neighbor has commenced playing the schoolmaster by instructing us in the mysteries of certain classic names, which, through the fallibility of typesetting, were not etymologically printed, we are obliged for his condescension, but do not think it worth while to avail ourselves of similar negligence in proof reading which occasionally victimizes him; we may however express our unfeigned surprise, that while he was teaching "the young idea how to shoot," he did not comprehend the rule that requires "neither" to be followed by "nor," instead of "or," as he invariably and inelegantly adopts.

It is the duty of the public press to encourage every thing that tends to ameliorate the condition of the human family. We pause for a few moments in the discussion of politics, and turn to a subject which we regard as of great importance. We allude to the subject of Life Insurance, which of late years has attracted much interest. This is a matter with which the public have not been made so fully acquainted as its importance really demands. The advantages it offers are so apparent, the plan of operation so simple, the good it offers so obvious, that it seems to us a more familiar acquaintance with its objects and aims would induce every one to avail themselves of the benefits it proposes to secure to them. Dr. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, who was invariably sound and philosophical in his opinions upon subjects of this nature, speaks in the warmest terms of commendation of Life Insurance. He says:

"My object is to call attention to the fact that a policy of Life Insurance is the cheapest and safest mode of making a certain provision for one's family."

No one will call in question the fact that heads of families are under the highest and strongest obligations to provide for their families during life; but it is a moral duty also to make such provision for them, if possible, that the death of the husband and father shall not leave their households penniless, helpless and dependent. Many fathers struggle for years to obtain a safeguard for their children against the ills of poverty when they shall be deprived of his supporting arm. Life Insurance affords them a safe, sound, reliable means of effecting this desirable end. The subscription of a few dollars a year will secure every family against want and distress, should the head be taken suddenly from them. This is a matter of momentous importance. It concerns every member of the community in which we live. Every father, and every family are interested in this subject. For the expenditure of a comparatively trifling sum, which can be saved easily out of extras and superfluities, every family can be secured against the perils of poverty, and all its attendant woes, if the parent should be unfortunate, and happen to die insolvent. Insurance against loss by fire is pretty thoroughly understood, and its paramount advantages universally acknowledged. Few fail to secure their property against loss by this destructive element, and yet, if the subject was properly understood, the necessity and utility of Life Insurance would be far the greatest of the two. Remember that for a few pence each week, you can obtain a policy which will entitle your heirs to a competency—your widow to a home. You secure a safe, certain sinking fund for your children. If you would guard them you love from a thousand contingencies which may possibly happen after your decease, secure a policy on your life before you are a week older. We have been led to this train of reasoning, by a conversation held with a friend, a few days since, in which he narrated a moving incident, showing the great importance and utility of "Life Insurance," by which a helpless widow and her little ones were saved from penury and want, and placed in comfortable circumstances. Although, such are the every day results of this beneficent system, so unobtrusive and unostentatious are its charities, that they rarely reach the ears of the outer world. Of so great importance do we consider this subject, that we hesitate not in expressing our belief, that it is the imperative duty of every man and woman having a family, or others dependent on them, to have a "Policy of Life Insurance" laid away in some safe place. We do not write this in the interest of any Company. We are prompted solely by a desire to admonish parents and husbands of their duty to their families. We can truthfully say, however, that no city in the Union can boast of safer and more honorable institutions of this character than Memphis. Seek out some one of them and secure to your families the great advantages they offer.

Charles Lampkin, the individual who made such a fearful leap from a Hudson River railroad train some days ago, and was supposed to have met instant death in consequence, is at present alive and well in Stockport. He says that he had $3,000 in money with him, but there were thieves on the train who wanted to kill and rob him, and he thought it less risk to jump overboard than remain with them.

Fire-Marshal Blackburn, of Philadelphia, reports a total of 594 fires in that city last year; losses, $3,192,987; insurance, $1,975,855. The Marshal says: "From the records which I have kept, and statistics collected by me from the most reliable sources, I estimate the total loss by burning in the United States at not less than $50,000,000 for 1864; $75,000,000 for 1865; and $100,000,000 for 1866. The aggregate loss in New York city, alone, last year, reached $10,000,000."

Letters from North Platte represent the Indian scare as subsiding.

The Louisville Board of Trade have petitioned for a removal of the tax on cotton.

A whole colored congregation, including pastor and deacons, has left Macon, Georgia, for Liberia.

The people of Crawford county, Illinois, are flatboating their corn out of the Embarrass river. A new navigable river.

Archduchess Matilda, daughter of Archduke Charles, died at Vienna on the 6th, from the effects of burns recently received.

A. T. Stewart, the merchant, Bierstadt, the artist, and Maggie Mitchell, the actress, sailed for Europe yesterday.

George W. Ryley, a merchant of Boston, was killed by being thrown from his carriage a few days ago. His life was insured for $20,000.

Ex-President Buchanan contributed $600 to the Southern relief fund recently raised in Philadelphia. The money was sent to the Rev. Dr. Boardman.

The Waverley House, in St. Joseph, Missouri, was struck by lightning Sunday night. The chimneys were knocked down and the floors torn up. Many of the inmates were badly stunned, though none were fatally injured.

Savannah has the second rank as a cotton port along the whole coast. She has surpassed Mobile the last season by nine thousand bales in receipts, and has received one hundred thousand bales more than Charleston.

A boy about to shoot a bird, in the neighborhood of Carrollton, Pennsylvania, last Saturday, missed his aim and shot a Catholic priest named McGovern. A painful though not dangerous wound was inflicted.

General LeGendre, United States Consul at Amoy, China, has sentenced an American citizen to a year's imprisonment and $1,000 fine for being in the coolie shipping business. This is decidedly rich.

On the body of the unknown man found drowned in the river at Newark, New Jersey, last week, one or two valuable articles were found, including a prayer book in German, to preserve the bearer from death by fire or water.

The Cabinet held a special session on Monday. It is stated on authority that it was decided to restore the civil officers removed in the Southern States, contrary to law. The dispatch says they will be restored by an executive order, which was to have been issued yesterday.

The Nashville *Union and Dispatch* says Mr. Brownlow is in Knoxville editing the *Whig*, and Governor Fletcher has gone off on an electioneering tour, to be absent several days. Citizens of the State having business with the Governor, will find both the ostensible and real in East Tennessee.

About four o'clock Monday morning a well known citizen of Cincinnati, named Britton Rose, left his house and went to the river and drowned himself, leaving his hat and boots on the river bank. He recently lost $5,000 by the failure of a banking house, since which he has been in much distress.

The Jackson (West Tennessee) *Whig* of Saturday says: Throughout the country the hearts of the farmers are made glad by the prospect of most bountiful crops; the cereals are looking finely, and the cotton, under the influence of occasional showers and the warm sun, exhibits a most favorable appearance, and, with no unforeseen disaster, fine yields may be anticipated.

R. H. Glass, editor of the Lynchburg *Republican*, was shot in the street in Lynchburg, Monday, by the sons of D. E. Brooker, in consequence of an article reflecting on their father. The shot took effect in the eye, the ball entering the head. Mr. Glass was comfortable in the evening, but the result of his wound is as yet uncertain.

Wade's Senatorial party passed through Peoria, Illinois, Monday, en route to their homes. Of fourteen Senators who have been with the party at various points, all expressed their intention of being present at the July session, and those who are still with Mr. Wade to-day joined him in a telegram to General Schenck, of the National Union Congressional committee, Washington, to advise all Republican members to be present in July, that all obstructions to the legal reconstruction of the rebel States may be removed.

Galignani's Messenger of the 7th inst. describes the visit of the Sultan to the Exposition on the 5th. He also accompanied Napoleon to the Hotel Des Invalides, and the tomb of Napoleon I. It also gives an account of the ceremonies of the reception of the King of Prussia and suite, including Bismarck and General Moltke. There was some little cheering outside the railroad station, but along the line of march very little manifestation toward the King was accorded.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 19.

Papers published at Gaudaloupe conclude an article on Europe as follows: "Heretofore she threatened us; now she implores us. Before she looked upon us with contempt; now she is on her knees before us. The heads of Maximilian and his Generals are imperiously demanded by the Mexican nation."

The Mexican press congratulate themselves that no European power hereafter will be able to coerce them either into paying debts, or any other way. So far they say nothing about the United States.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 19.

In the Surratt trial, Judge Fisher declined to order the prosecution to disclose to the defense a list of the witnesses.

He also refused application made by counsel for the defense, that they, who have been citizens for ten days and inhabitants six months preceding the election, and last three months resident of the county, have the right to vote; that all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery, or having received bribes for votes, or any infamous crimes, and all deserters, be excluded from suffrage.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 19.

The *Express* has the following through private sources. It says that Juarez, having heard of the pronunciamento issued by the Governor of Tampico in favor of Santa Anna, dispatched a large force against the former place on the morning of the 6th. The Generals Henojos and Parez, attacked Fort Iturbide. The small garrison shouted the war cry of "Viva Santa Anna!" "Viva la Republica!" repulsing the party, killing a large number, capturing the rest to fly dismayed. They went to Tarnay, where he remained awaiting reinforcements from Queretaro, which were expected to reach there by the 20th.

HEART'S CONTENT.

HEART'S CONTENT, June 19.

The steamer Chilton, which arrived Sunday, proceeded Monday to grapple for the ends of the broken cable. At seven p.m. the Irish end was recovered, lested, and found to be perfect. After necessary buoying renewed preparation for grappling the New Foundland end was obtained, and at six a.m. to-day, the ends were spliced and connections restored.

ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 19.

In the Constitutional Convention a motion was made that the Committee on Rights of Suffrage be instructed to report a bill providing for the discretionary of extending the elective franchise to all native born citizens of the State between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one. Laid on the table.

The motion that the Constitution be so amended so as to allow every male citizen twenty-one years of age suffrage, was referred.

The motion instructing the Committee on Education to inquire into the expediency of making education compulsory, was referred.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, June 19.

The river is falling slowly, with six feet in the canal.

COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, June 19.

The Republican State Convention to-day nominated R. B. Hays for Governor.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 20.

Cotton unchanged; sales 2,100 bales uplands at 32c. Flour dull, and 20@30c lower; $7 30@8 50 for superfine State and western. Whisky quiet at 25@26c. Western wheat dull and drooping at $2 32 for No. 1 Milwaukee. Corn dull at $1 07@1 11 for new mixed western. Oats dull, at 77@80c for western. Rice dull, at 10@12½c for Carolina. Coffee quiet and steady. Sugar steady at 10½@11½c; Cuba, 10@12½c. Porto Rico molasses dull and drooping. Pork firm.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 19.

The Assistant Treasurer bought $5,000,000 of 7-30s. Money easy and the supply exceeds the demand. Call notes, 6@6c. Sterling quiet at 9@10c. Gold, 28½c. Government bonds steady. Sixes, Tennessees, 67½; old, 65c. Receipts at the Subtreasury $165,798 41, including $41,300 customs and $32,100 in gold notes. Payments $2,543,035; balance, $1,626,214 04.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, June 19.

Cotton—sales 1100 bales; market stiffer at 34½c. Receipts, 900 bales; exports, 964 bales. Sugar—Louisiana second hits; prime, 13½@14c; Cubs, 10@ten and fewirs, 11¾@11¾c. Chess molasses held at 47½@50. Flour little steadier but too irregular for accurate quotations. Corn dull; yellow and mixed, 85c; white, 85@86c. Oats drooping; sales at 75c. Pork dull and nominal at $23 25. Lard intierces, 12¾; keg, 15¾. Bacon—shoulders retailing at 10¾; ribs, 11¾c; clear sides, 12¾. Gold, 37¼@38. Sterling, 48¾@53¾. York sight, ½@¾c premium.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.

Tobacco steady at $1 25@4 50; lugs, $4 75@6; common leaf, $6@10 75; fancy dried leaf, $10@5 50; dark fillers, $8@12; medium bright fillers, $9@12 50; bark wrappers, $15@35; good and fine bright leaf, $20@75; fancy, same. Cotton nominal; middling, 24c. Flour quiet and unchanged; full superfine, $7@8 50. Corn dull and lower, 75@ 80c. Oats are dull and lower, 64@67c. Rye steady, $1@1 05. Mess pork; $21 50@21 75. Bacon steady, 11¼c; rib sides, 11¾; clear sides, 12¾c. Whisky, $2@2 05, free.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, June 18.

Flour, dull, and unchanged; family, $10@12; fancy $13@14. Corn dull and nominal; 70c for No. 1. Oats higher; 67c for No. 1. Rye higher; $1 35 for No. 1. Cotton dull; middling 24@24½c. Whisky unchanged; $2 05 in bond. Pork dull, $21 50. Lard nominal unchanged; shoulders 7¾c; sides 9¾. Bacon 9c; shoulders 11c; sides 11¾@12¾c; hams 13@13½c; common 15@16. Land dull; city 12c. Sugar firm and higher; Cuba 12@13; hard refined 13¾@17. Coffee firm; 25@26.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, June 19.

Tobacco active; sales 338 hhds.; lugs, $2 75@5 00; common to medium leaf, $3@15; selections, $10@ 21; cutting leaf, $25@31 50; manufacturing, $25 50. Superfine flour, $8 10@9 50. Wheat, $2 10@2 25. Corn, delivered, 87½c. Oats in bulk, 70@72c. Mess pork, $21. Bacon—shoulders, 9c; packed; clear sides, 12½c; sugar cured hams, 15½c. Lard—kettle rendered, 12¾@13½c. Raw whisky, $2 10@2 20. Cotton, 25c.

TWO RADICALS HAVE A RENCONTER.

General Jim Brownlow vs. D. H. Mason.

Referring to the affair of which we give an account on our first side of the scene during the speech of D. H. Mason, an independent Radical for Congress, the Nashville *Banner* of Tuesday says:

General James P. Brownlow was in the crowd, and, without being called, voluntarily took the stand and called Mason a liar, stating that he was well satisfied that Mason had been in the rebel army, was a deserter and renegade, and could not be relied on for anything. He was deceiving, or attempting to deceive the ignorant, by appeals to their credulity, and that the crowd need not trust him for anything. Mason here asked Brownlow's authority for stating that he had been in the rebel army. Brownlow replied that he stated it on his own authority—and appealed to the crowd to say if Mason's face didn't look mean enough for desertion or anything else. Mason here got up and started for the speaker, when the latter took up a pitcher for the purpose of wetting Mason's curls and drawing his profile, when he promptly and gentlemanly remarked, exclaiming "Hold, sir, did you ever hear such a speech?" The meeting was stormy, and the more intelligent of the colored men were thoroughly disgusted.

Only The Rich.

Mr. Thad. Stevens has written a letter to a citizen of Dadeville, Alabama, on the subject of confiscation. We don't know what he means by confiscating men; we have always thought it was property he was after:

LANCASTER, May 21, 1867.

DEAR SIR: We do not confiscate loyal men, nor suffer unless they are rich; few will suffer enough to hurt; some innocent men will I fear.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

An attempt was made at Vicksburg, on the night of the 4th, to kill the watchman, named Henry Williams, of a saw mill below that city. He was struck on the head with a hatchet, and half stunned and dragged into the river, but holding on to his assassin was preserved by his fears until persons appearing, the latter released his hold and let the watchman go, and ran away.

A cable dispatch asserts that the Sublime Porte has issued a firman making Egypt a seperate sovereignty.

The Palace Mills in Columbus, Georgia, have flour from new wheat for sale.

A leading miller at Zanesville, Ohio, reduced the price of his best flour from $10 to $9 per barrel, a few days since.

A company of capitalists are said to be negotiating for the purchase of the Mammoth Cave.

DIED.

On Wednesday, the 19th instant, FRANK CHAPMAN, infant of W. C. and Sarah A. Barker, aged 1 year and 5 months.

All friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on this (Thursday) afternoon at four o'clock.

Near Brownsville, Tenn., on yesterday, JOHN V. BAUGH, son of this city.

Mr. BAUGH was a brother of our late honored and esteemed Mayor, Richard D. Baugh, Esq. Honest and faithful in all the walks of life, Mr. Baugh was universally esteemed and respected by all who knew him. Among the first who volunteered in the service of his native State, he stood throughout the trying struggle of the Confederate States firm and true to the last and most bitter end. Peace to his ashes. T.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS S. JURRS,

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WORKER. Roofing, Guttering and Jobbing of all descriptions promptly executed. Cotton Brands cut on the shortest notice.

No. 383 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn. mar1-3m

Furniture at Auction.

ON SATURDAY MORNING next, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at auction a lot of

Parlor and Bedroom Furniture,
One Excellent Piano,
Carpets, Mirror, Wardrobe, Stove, etc., etc.

Also, a very excellent Light Wagon.

MONSARRAT & MONTGOMERY, jun 12 No. 276 Avery Building.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of forty-six orders of sale to me directed from the Shelby county, Tennessee, I will, on Monday, July 1, 1867, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M., in front of the Law Court House, in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following property, to-wit: Three thousand (3000) shares (of fifty dollars each) of stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company; to be sold in lots of 100 and 100 shares, at half-hourly intervals, beginning at 10 o'clock A.M. Sold to satisfy their respective executions in favor of the plaintiffs therein, against the property of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company, the defendants amounting altogether to $30,000, besides interest and cost of suits. Only so much of said property will be sold as is necessary to pay and satisfy the judgments in the above cases.

P. M. WINTERS, jun26d Sheriff of Shelby county.

HAVING DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT

WITHOUT DELAY

Our Immense Stock

—OF—

GOODS DAMAGED

AT THE LATE FIRE,

We will sell the balance now on hand at

An Enormous Sacrifice,

In quantities to suit buyers, both

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

DRY GOODS,

—OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Notions,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

All of which must be sold immediately, without reserve.

We offer, therefore, greater inducements than have ever before been presented to purchasers.

GREENEWALD & LANE,
225 Second Street.

jun12

Steam Engine Depots.

NORTHEAST corner Second and Monroe streets, St. Louis. Depot on Illinois Central railroad, Chicago, Illinois. Twenty-seventy-five and thirty horse power Portable Engines, constantly on hand of all sizes. Call or write for circulars. H. M. AMES. [jun9-1m]

AUCTION.

Sales This Day.

Hats, Parasols and Umbrellas at Auction.

WE will sell THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at our Salesroom, a large assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas and Parasols.

ROTHCHILD, TREZEVANT & CO. jun20 Auctioneers.

GREAT AUCTION SALE

AT

REID & BROTHER'S,

15 1-2 Jefferson Street.

THE largest stock of goods that has ever been offered at public auction in this city, embracing

FINE AND MEDIUM CLOTHING,

PIECE GOODS,

And a large assortment of FURNISHING GOODS.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p.m.

Will sell at private sale during the day. Come early and get your supply.

Store for rent and Fixtures for sale.

REID & BROTHERS, jun20-2w 15½ Jefferson street.

A. S. LEVY & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

NO. 350 SECOND STREET,

Sales every day. Quick sales and prompt returns. jun 20d

The Buntyn

HOMESTEAD LANDS

FOR SALE.

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable and valuable lands, so well known to the community as the Homestead Tract of the late Geraldine Buntyn, situated on the first station on the Memphis and Ohio railroad. Five miles east of the city. The improvements consist of a large, two story dwelling house, recently put in thorough repair, and all in good order, with seven rooms. The balance of the tract, consisting of about 60 acres, has been laid off in lots of from one to three acres, and will be sold on the most liberal terms. Should the railroad company not see proper to establish a depot at this point, the location is such that it is confidently believed that the road will afford the opportunity of going in and out of the city, and will be found as convenient as any location on the road. Persons desiring a healthy, pleasant and convenient place for a residence at this point cannot do better, as no lots in the city itself.

The entire tract will be sold very liberal and may, and the prices low to purchasers. Plans of the subdivision will be shown at our office.

ROTHCHILD, TREZEVANT & CO. may 31-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Attorneys.

—OF—

COMPLETE RULES AND FORMS IN BANKRUPTCY.

The Only Authorized and Complete Edition Published in the United States.

—OF THE—

BANKRUPT LAW

Adopted and Ordered to be Published by the Supreme Court of the United States.

Sent postage paid to all parts of the country on receipt of $1 25.

☞ A liberal discount made to the trade.

Address L. SAYLES & CO., National Law House, 30 Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C. jun20-1w

TO THE TRADE.

I WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE MERchants and Dealers in

Ale and Lager Beer,

To my Superior Quality of this Beverage,

Which I can furnish at any part of the City or Railroad Depot, FREE OF CHARGE, having made extensive Summer arrangements in this branch of my business. I would also call their attention to my fine stock of

LIQUORS,

Consisting of pure Robinson County Whisky, Bourbon Whisky Rye Whisky. Together with a complete stock of SARSPARILLA, etc., etc.

JACOB STRINKUHL, 230 Third street, Liberty Building, North of Post Office.

Allegheny Springs, Montgomery Co., Virginia.

THIS celebrated Watering Place having undergone thorough repairs and being furnished throughout every department in its entirety new and first class furniture, will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th day of June.

The reputation this Water has obtained, and so firmly established that it is useless to enumerate the particular diseases for which it is a specific. The proprietors have endeavored to make it as attractive as any Watering Place in the mountains of Virginia.

Comfortable coaches will meet each train at Shawsville for the conveyance of passengers to the Springs. The tourist route from the West is by the Virginia and Tennessee railroad to Lynchburg, and 70 miles passed in stages over interesting scenery.

For circulars containing terms, etc., address C. A. CALLHOUN, Agent, Shawsville, Montgomery county, Va. may 31-1m

Circuit Court of Shelby County.

Laura Grigsby vs. Henry Grigsby.

In this cause, it appearing to the Clerk, from the petition herein filed, that the defendant, Henry Grigsby, is not a citizen of Tennessee, it is ordered that publication be by law required, be made in the Memphis Avalanche, a weekly newspaper printed and circulating in Memphis, for four consecutive weeks for the first term of the Circuit Court, to be held at Memphis on the first Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the allegations therein will be taken as confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte. Done at office June 14, 1867.

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk and Master.

J. FLAHERTY, jun18-1awlw

J. FLAHERTY, F. WESCHE

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE

Manufactures all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their FACTORY ON VANCE STREET.

Also, on hand a large assortment of Furniture at LOW RATES.

ALSO,

General Undertakers,

Dealers in METALLIC and WOODEN COFFINS, and Funeral Materials paid to Undertaking at all hours.

No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn. jun 20-3m

ELSONS

STILL AHEAD!

NO DAMAGED GOODS,

BUT SELLING WARRANTED

SOUND & PERFECT DRY GOODS

At Less Price than Damaged Goods are Sold at.

OWING to the rush attending our GREAT CLEARING SALE, we offer at the following prices:

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Fast Colored Calicos, 12½ by Elsons
Fine Calicos, from 15 to 20c per yard.
Finest Percales, from 18 to 25c per yard.
All Linen Lawns, from 15 to 25c per yard.
Ladies' Linen Cuffs, from 25 to 50c per dozen.
Fine Cambric Edgings, from 5 to 25c per yard.
Fine Cambric Lawns at less than half price.
Trimming Ribbons, all shades and colors, at less than regular price.

Our WHITE GOODS DEPARTMENT is complete, and we defiant our White Goodsbest less than HALF PRICE.

Cottonades for Men's and Boy's Clothing, from 12 to 25 cents per yard.

Ladies' White Cotton Cloaks, only 25 cents per yard.
Ladies' Linen Points, from 25 to 50 cents per yard.
Ladies' Linen Cuffs, from 25 to 50 cents per dozen.
Ladies' Linen Cloaks, from 25 to 50 cents each.
Ladies' Linen Skirts, from 25 to 50 cents each.
Ladies' Linen Collars, from 5 to 25 cents each.
Ladies' Linen Camb

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

THURSDAY, : : : : : : : JUNE 20, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	10:30 P.M.	6:30 A.M.
Through Mail Daily	1:00 A.M.	6:30 P.M.
Somerville Accommodation Daily	1:30 A.M.	6:30 P.M.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	2:45 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
New Orleans Mail	3:05 P.M.	6:00 P.M.
Freight daily, except Sunday	3:45 P.M.	6:00 A.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	4:50 P.M.	6:30 A.M.
Night Express	6:30 A.M.	6:00 P.M.

Ticket office, 279 Main, corner of South Court street.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

Public Speaking in the Seventh Congressional District.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people of the Seventh Congressional District at the following times and places, viz.:

Troy, Monday, June 24.
Dyersburg, Wednesday, June 26.
Ripley, Friday, June 28.
Trenton, Monday, July 1.
Milan, Tuesday, July 2.
McKenzie, Wednesday, July 3.
Paris, Thursday, July 4.
Huntingdon, Saturday, July 13.
Red Mound, Monday, July 15.
Lexington, Tuesday, July 16.
Camden, Thursday, July 18.
Marlborough, Friday, July 19.
Stevenson's Mill, Weakley county, Wednesday, July 24.
Como, Henry County, Thursday, July 25.

ISAAC R. HAWKINS,
WM. P. CALDWELL.

Citizens' Meeting at the Chamber of Commerce.

All who feel really interested in the prosperity of Memphis are requested to attend a meeting at the Chamber of Commerce, Odd Fellows' Hall, at four p.m., this day. Business of vital importance, affecting the trade of Memphis, especially the cheap delivery of supplies here, will be submitted and discussed.

T. A. NELSON,
President Chamber of Commerce.

Great discovery never known to fail. Hesperian Pills are the bona fide sure cure for fever and ague. They contain no poisons or injurious drugs, and may be given to any infant with implicit confidence and safety. Price only one dollar at the drug stores.

WM. D'OENCH & Co.,
Proprietors, St. Louis, Mo.

Cumberland University, Lebanon Tennessee now has eleven Professors; among them Lieutenant General A. P. Stewart, A. M. and J. M. Safford, L. L. D. Next session opens the first Monday in September. For catalogues address R. W. McDonnold, D. D. President. tf.

We are determined to sell out the balance of our stock of dry goods and notions at still further reduction of prices.

SHILOS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

A rare chance for country merchants to attend the great closing out sale of damaged goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

MUNICIPAL COURT.—The case of C. A. Stillman, indicted for keeping a house of ill fame, was concluded yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and assessed a fine of $50. Counsel made a motion for a new trial. The jury in the case of Bob Church was discharged until this morning, when the case will be taken up and concluded.

All colors of bugle trimmings and gimp, in large variety, at Lindauer & Pollock's, No. 299 Main street. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged goods, left at M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store, which must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value.

NICE AND HOMELIKE.—The Home Again Restaurant, on the southwest corner of Monroe and Second streets, is a very good place to get nice, square meals, at all hours. The proprietress, Anna, Englebrecht, understands her business, and serves up a good style every dinner of the season, as well as all substantial viands.

Thirty spring hoop skirts, for only $1. Be sure to secure one at 299 Main street. tf

Whose dry goods store is that next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store? It is M. Kraus & Co.'s damaged store, where you can buy dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., at your own price. Must be sold in thirty days. tf

We will positively sell our stock of dry goods cheaper than any other house in the city.

SHILOS & BRO. 47 Main street.

Ward & LeGuere, at 216 Main street, corner of Adams, have the reputation of making the finest soda water in the city, or, indeed, in the South. They have spared no expense to obtain suitable apparatus for that purpose. They manufacture their own soda water from one of Gee's celebrated generators, and their fountain connects with a fountain of pure water. They claim that their soda is not only superior to any in the city, but equal to any in the world.

Call at Lindauer & Pollock's, 299 Main street, and examine stock, and satisfy yourself that goods are sold lower than those who advertise to sell at cost. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, are still left, and must be sold regardless of cost or value, within thirty days, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

LA SALLETTE ACADEMY.—There is no institution in Memphis for the education of young ladies that has a higher reputation, or that deserves to have such, than the La Sallette Academy. Its course of instruction is thorough, embracing both solid acquirements and fashionable accomplishments, and its teachers have that care, art and enthusiasm which inspires children with a desire to become scholars. This fine school will on to-morrow (Friday) afternoon give a concert in Greenlaw Opera House, and we promise to those who attend that they will have a rare treat.

We are selling our best bargain (all colors) at 30@35 cents per yard.

SHILOS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

The best prints in America 12½c and 15 cents per yard.

SHILOS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

Fine bleached domestic, yard wide, 15 cents per yard; brown domestic, 10 cents per yard; fine lawns, 20 cents per yard.

SHILOS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—The Young Men's Moral and Literary Association give a public entertainment at the Central Methodist Church on Union street this evening at eight o'clock. The exercises are to consist of lecture, oration, essays, dramatic reading, recitations and debate. The subject for debate is, "Should females be granted the privilege of suffrage?" Doubtless the young men will solve a question that has been agitating the public mind a good deal of late. This will doubtless prove to be an interesting, and a good audience should greet the young gentlemen. Admission free to everybody.

We have just taken up stock and reduced it 25 per cent, less than we have been selling recently. Call and examine for yourself.

SHILOS & BRO., 247 Main street,
Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

Bleached and brown domestics as low as any in the city, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 299 Main street. tf

AUGUST BERTON, *Ice Cream Saloon, Confectionery and Bakery, Corner of Fourth and Poplar Streets.* Mr. Berton has, in his establishment, a splendid ice cream saloon for ladies and families. He also furnishes families with ice cream put up in ice, from a quart up. The greatest and best varieties of fresh candies, bread and cake, all of his own manufacture, constantly on hand. 1w

There is not a store in the city that has a better stock of dress goods, or selling cheaper, than Lindauer & Pollock, 299 Main street. tf

CHANCERY COURT.—The following decrees and orders were entered yesterday:

J. Street vs. Mary L. Dehs et al. Decree pro confesso and reference to Master Commissioner or Hall, vs. J. S. Clayton. Decree vesting title.

John Lowry, assignee, et al. vs. S. F. Looney et al. Final decree.
Wm. Tucker et al vs. John D. Coffee. Sale confirmed.
Wm. H. Dewar, Trustee, vs. Wm. Tracey et al. Wm. H. Dewar & Co. Order removing Trustee and appointing F. Kropp to same effect.

The May term will adjourn on the sixth day of July, and a special term will commence on the fourth Monday in September. The hearing docket, from Nos. 900 to 400, will be taken up to-day.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—On the 1st of July next I will levy the distress warrant against all persons who fail to pay their taxes for the fortieth corporate year. Parties in arrears for taxes will save themselves this annoyance and expense by calling at the office and paying their taxes, as the law will be strictly enforced against delinquents.

JOHN H. BOWEN,
City Tax Collector.

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 14, 1867. 2w

A BIG SALE OF EXPRESS GOODS—GREAT CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.—Attention is directed to the great sale of Express boxes and packages. None of these boxes have been opened. What they contain is a mystery. Many of them may have most valuable contents. The Express Company makes a great clearing out sale. Trunks, valises, full of wearing apparel; boxes, containing jewelry; bundles of silks and laces—all the waifs of a business whose extent is wide as the continent, and amounts to many millions of dollars every month will be struck off to the highest bidders. At these sales, men for a dollar or two have got cases of revolvers, boxes of watches and bundles of valuable dry goods. It is a lottery where many get prizes, and where there is no speculation in the management. It is a rare chance for bargains, and we expect to see it well attended.

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. Country merchants, citizens and planters attend this great closing out sale to secure great bargains. tf

A rare chance for citizens, country merchants and planters to secure great bargains in dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, etc., damaged by the late fire at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

WARNING TO WIDOWERS.

Marrying in Haste and Repenting at Leisure.

Mr. Marshall is a respectable middle aged widower. He is a builder. Like other middle aged widowers he has been exceedingly anxious to find another wife. He wanted a good one, who, with the virtues common to womanhood, had a share of this world's goods. At last he he found the pearl he thought he had been seeking. She was a widow Danny, fair, bright eyed and sharp featured. She had a house and lot. Marshall could build another house on the rear of the lot, and Mandi be profitably rented. He got the lumber and placed it on the rear of the lot. Last Friday Marshall and the widow were married by Squire Lee, one of the County Commissioners giving away the blushing bride. The happy pair felt themselves in siyatim. The hours flew by on angel's wings. They feasted and with their friends made merry. Nothing marred their joy, and on saturday morning they slept late. In fact it was almost noon when they were startled by a harsh knock at the front door, and the echo of it resounded to and fro in. The widow sprang from the arms of Marshall and hurried to the front door. A husband who had been at Nashville, and whose existence had been forgotten entered. She grasped him round the neck to restrain the anger, which would otherwise have made short work with Marshall. The husband struggled to get loose. The widow called to Marshall to run for it. Taking the hint that he was no longer wanted, Marshall sprang out of bed. In haste he donned his unmentionables, vest, coat, boots and hat, and then picking up his trunk that he had taken there the night before, Marshall made a very quick and masterly retreat. How the widow explained it to her husband is unknown, but he stayed, and Marshall will go back, and as his portion of building another house on the rear of the lot is no longer practicable, he is seeking the aid of Sheriff Winters to enable him to get his lumber away. He says when he marries another widow he will make sure that her first husband has been put away safely in a graveyard, for it's confounded uncomfortable to have a fellow rushing in the front door and having to rush out the back door with a trunk upon one's shoulder, not to speak of the kind of wife she still is to both of them.

A BURST UP IN LINCOLN COUNCIL.

A Great Row—Mutual Recriminations—Charges of Rascality.

Withdrawal of Members.

The Eaton-Lewis faction of the Brownlowites have tried to make the public suppose that the reports in the AVALANCHE have been erroneous, and that there was really no split in Lincoln Council; no feud between the Hunter men and the Barbour Lewis men; no charges of rascality; no dissatisfaction at the nomination of Eaton; no disgust at rascality suggested in the Council; but they will find it hard to satisfy the public of this since over fifty men, on the last night of the meeting of Lincoln Council, withdrew, and now publicly declare that they don't mean to have anything more to do with an institution so utterly corrupt, nor have any association with men so shameless and devoid of moral principle as the men who control the Loyal League. They had a high old time on the night of the break up, charged each other with being unprincipled, with revealing the proceedings with hiring blacks to override meetings, and with all sorts of meanesness. The neighbors living within a block of Hickman building were annoyed by the fierce oaths indulged in the withdrawal of many. The Lincoln Council is now in the hands of the Barbour Lewis section of the forty thieves, and decent men are not likely to be invegled into companionship with them. If the stalling off goes on much longer Lincoln Council can dispense with its present big hall and meet in a private room. Why can't the managers have the meetings then in Kate Stone's building?

THE CUMBERLAND CHURCH FESTIVAL.

The Most Recherche Affair of the Season,

The basement of the Court street Cumberland Presbyterian church has been so very elegantly fitted up, and is so pervaded with graceful courtesy and high bred, lady like manners, that it may well attract crowds of the leading people of the city. It is not a costly entertainment. It makes no alarming appeals to the pockets of visitors. If they spend a trifle for refreshments, that is all that is asked—and all that is needed to aid one of the most generous and devoted churches in the city.

MRS. R. B. Waddell, in behalf of the Overton Hotel, sent yesterday to the Festival a magnificent cake. August Berton sent one, the elegance of which speaks well for his artistic taste and skill. There is no lack of cakes and sherbet and ice cream and berries, and they are not only dispensed in the evenings, but also between ten a.m. and two p.m. every day.

The festival will close on Friday night with a Sunday school picnic, the children being admitted free, and the parents and friends sending in donations on Friday.

It was gratifying that there was a good attendance last evening, and we hope that it will grow in splendid style so. The crowds of pretty girls should have a beau apiece.

THE DELIGHTFUL ASBURY FESTIVAL.

The Tasteful Entertainment at Stillman Hall.

The festival in Stillman Hall still grows in favor. It is so nicely gotten up. There is so much taste in the arrangements, so much elegance in the fixing of the tables, so much lady like courtesy in the fair patronesses of the affair, that it should be crowded nightly. No Memphis fair has ever been more worthy of liberal patronage. The prizes are rich, numerous and varied, appealing to different influential classes. The more quiet but not less attractive feature of the fair should induce all married and maidens to drop in to spend an hour pleasantly.

The beautiful fan for the most popular young lady in attendance at the festival was voted last night to Miss Mollie Price.

A very elegant silver pitcher, salver and two goblets will be voted to the most popular mechanic. This is the first recognition at any festival of the claims of the working classes.

The growing attendance at the Asbury festival is gratifying. It speaks well for the taste and good feeling of our citizens. It is a just tribute to a good cause, and to the generous efforts of women who are an honor to Memphis.

HOW LOYAL WAS RADICAL CANDIDATE DRAKE IN THE WAR.

General Bombastes Smith Wanted to Slaughter Federal Prisoners.

An old and respectable citizen of Memphis states that when the Federal army under General Prentiss was defeated, and many prisoners were brought to this city, they were kept under guard at the City Hall buildings. He says there was much excitement about the streets, and he was going homeward, when turning the corner of Jefferson street, he ran upon little W. J. Smith, now General Smith, who is the candidate of the persecute-everybody-who-aint-loyal-enough party. Smith was in a fever of excitement, and carried a big saber in his hand. "Where are you going?" inquired the gentleman. "This," said Smith, "is the saber that I carried in Mexico, and I am now going up to guard them G——d—— Yankee s——of b——s, and if they fool with me, I'll give it to them. I'd like to see the very last one of them have his head cut off." The gentleman left him impressed with the ferocious hatred of Smith to Yankees. The sacred precincts may not have been the exact words used, but it is believed that the sentiment was even as not, they fell short, rather than over color Smith's vindictiveness. The gentleman has still a memorandum that he made at the time of the conversation, and the rebel flag was not put up at Smith's place of business; it was before the rebel flag was put up at his residence. It was when he was inducing those men to enlist in the "Army of Mexico," whom he now wants to ostracise, and degrade by following his advice.

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 289, DRAWN JUNE 15, 1867.

74, 52, 41, 19, 20, 30, 57, 61, 59, 6, 31, 12, 54.

CLASS 290, DRAWN JUNE 19, 1867.

70, 77, 40, 6, 14, 23, 68, 37, 43, 1, 61, 21, 7, 51.

This lottery is drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes is paid each day. It is the only lottery in which the prizes are *all cash*. It has been drawn for over fifty years. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. It is the only lottery in which you can get a ticket with any number on it you wish. Call or send for a circular.

GEO. W. VAN VORT,
Southern Agent,
20 Jefferson street and 23 Gayoso street.

A NEW FEATURE OF SANITARY INSPECTION.—A gentleman who leases certain dwellings in the lower part of the city, but has not for a long time owing to the stringency of the times, been able to collect any rent, was called on yesterday by a representative of the police department, who told him that he must mend the roofs of his houses, as they leaked. The gentleman demurred to the order as impertinent. He didn't see that having roofs repaired was any part of police duty, whereupon the policeman threatened that if the roofs were not mended the sanitary regulations should turn the inmates out of the houses, and, shutting up the place, prevent anybody from living in it. The gentleman will not, on compulsion, either spend his roofs, or repair the front door, or put up lighting rods, and he waits the effort of the police to compel him to comply with the arrogant demand. They could compel him to remove filth or abate a nuisance, but even a Brownlow court will scarcely assert that it is part of police duty to order the repair of roofs.

THE RADICAL CANDIDATE AS A WARRIOR.

How He Was Not Allowed to Steal.

Some soldiers who belonged to the Ninth Illinois cavalry know all about little W. J. Smith, the Radical candidate for State Senator, and some of their recollections of the man are so characteristic of the little whelp that they merit mention.

At the battles of Wyatt and Ripley there were two Federal brigades, which, on their return, partied company at Coldwater. The sixth Tennessee cavalry, commanded by little W. J. Smith, brought up the rear of one of these brigades, and it was a peremptory order to enforce which was the special duty of Smith's command that the men should not be allowed to leave column on the march, and not be allowed to plunder, but Smith was should not be allowed to plunder, but Smith was too fond of seizing whatever he could lay his hands on to enforce discipline on his men, and it would be difficult to say whether Smith or his men were most eager to make all they could. When they got to Mount Pleasant the commander who was, if we mistake not, Colonel Hatch, found that Smith had fifteen or more carriages filled with plunder, and was carrying off bed quilts, wearing apparel, carpets, feather beds, and every thing that his family or friends could use for years. The commander was indignant. He felt that Smith should be cashiered for such mercenary infractions of orders, but he considered that perhaps the best way to punish the rapidity would be to compel him to abandon his ill gotten gains. He sent his Adjutant to Smith with an order that the fifteen or more carriages filled with plunder should be turned into the field of a Miss Burton's, between which and the carriages and their stolen contents left there to be reclaimed by rightful owners. When the adjutant delivered the order to Smith there was a high time. Smith protested, blustered and threatened. He didn't know what right any one had to issue such an order. He regarded it as wrong. He wanted at least to be allowed to take along one carriage and its contents, which were perhaps particularly valuable. The adjutant told him the order was to leave all the carriages. Smith said "that one of the carriages was his own—he had confiscated it and what was in it." The adjutant said the order was peremptory, and greatly to his regret Smith had to obey. He has never since believed that his commanders were quite as loyal as himself. This miserable camp follower, picking up bed quilts, clothing and carriages, and hating terribly to have to give them up to their owners, is the model Brownlow candidate for State Senator.

If any one desires further corroborating statement, let them ask any of the officers of the Ninth Illinois or any officers who served under Colonel Hatch, and they will find that we have not colored the statement, and that Smith acted shamefully. No wonder Smith favors the Brownlow Indemnity Tax bill.

IRISHMAN.

Judge Leonard has been quite unwell.

Pat Foley was caught at Holly Springs by fellows who chased him and got back the mule.

A Mr. Carter reported yesterday that his pocket had been picked of $100.

The Grace Church Sunday School had a pleasant picnic on the Vance street grounds yesterday.

Don't forget that the concert of La Sallette Academy on Friday night, at Greenlaw Hall.

Would it not be advantageous to put the stone pavement on Front Row down on sand and tarred boards?

A stout black boy was brought before Squire Black yesterday for attempting an outrage on a little mulatto girl about five years of age.

The Eagle and Confederate base ball clubs played a match yesterday, and the former were victorious.

A large fire occurred on Poplar street on Tuesday night, and the house of Mrs. Houston was damaged to the amount of $600.

Eddy Mills is charged with stealing groceries from Elliot & Co., and Mike Hulligan with stealing $1000 from a drover named Hendricks.

James Chapman and Pat Thomas were found in possession of a barrel of whisky that had been stolen from Dan Able & Co.

There was a spirited cattle exhibition in front of the Commercial Hotel on Tuesday. J. S. eschered J. J. sows.

The new railroad time tables will, it is supposed, make through from here to New York in fifty-seven hours.

Judge Hunter is to deliver an oration at a celebration of July 4th, and decorating the graves of Union soldiers, that is to come off at the National Cemetery.

We tender our thanks to Hastie & Co., corner of Main and Monroe streets, for their kind invitation to partake of soda water from their new Polar fountain. We doubt not it is of the first quality.

The base ball clubs "Pride of the South" and "Mechanics" played a match on Tuesday, and the "Mechanics" were defeated. We regard the "Mechanics" as one of the best clubs in Memphis, but they have not been unlucky recently.

The grand tableaux at the New Memphis Theatre, under the direction of Mrs. Thompson, for the benefit of Southern widows and orphans, will come off on next Wednesday evening.

It is reported that parties having the cash are making arrangements to start an old line Whig paper here, in the course of two or three weeks, and have secured the services of a very able leading editor.

A train on the Memphis and Ohio railroad goes out to Humboldt at six o'clock this morning, and another at eight o'clock. It is expected that a good many persons will go out to hear Mr. Etheridge.

N. E. Scott, Esq., the genial and gentlemanly General Southern Agent of the Pennsylvania Central railroad, left last evening for New Orleans, where he will remain about a week, and then return here by way of Mobile.

Many complaints are made of the shamefully bad conduct of the colored inmates of Allen's block, on the corner of Hernando and Vance streets. They greatly annoy passers by and disturb the peace. Can't the police do something about it before election?

There have been quite a number of deaths from diarrhœa. This need not be. If you will only wear red flannel all the year round they will have little trouble with diarrhœa, which is an effort of nature to throw off disease. During the war soldiers who wore red flannel all the time were not half as much troubled with disease as others were who didn't wear it.

An ex-grand juror says: "An article in the AVALANCHE saying that the grand jury, at the July term of the Criminal Court, failed to find bills to return a bill of indictment against Judge Leonard, does injustice to several very excellent gentlemen who were members of that body. It is now known that there were but two of that body who refused to find the bill."

The concert at St. Agnes Academy last night was a great success. So great was the crowd that it was impossible to get into the hall after eight o'clock. The singing and other exercises did honor to that excellent educational institution.

Owing to the pressure upon our columns we are compelled to omit an extended notice of the exercises, which we will publish to-morrow.

From the fact that Hepburn has a home either here or in Iowa when there is a chance for office, and that little Smith lives either in Hardeman or Memphis, and that the domicile of a good many Memphis Brownlowites are exceedingly unsettled, it would not surprise us if the Radicals should urge the Legislature to change the panics of sundry offices to that which Richards now cultivates. There should be half a dozen Floaters to accommodate Radical aspirants.

R. F. C. Brooks, Esq., the independent Radical candidate for the Legislature, is certainly more liberal than the nominees of the dark lantern cabal. He has given a good many colored people employment, and his other record is in that respect also good. Another thing is that any Southern white who pays five dollars a year of school tax, from which white and colored children are to be educated, proves his desire for the future prosperity of the country and the advancement of the colored people so fully thereby, that he should have the same right to vote that a colored man has.

Manager Thompson, of the New Memphis Theater, will leave to-day for the great cities of the North and East to make arrangements for securing the services of many Theatrical Stars during the next dramatic season. Mr. Thompson is a worthy gentleman and a most efficient manager, who, last season, brought to Memphis nearly all the best actors and actresses in the country, and would furnish an unrivaled series of entertainments if public taste was up to that standard. The public insist on having a considerable proportion of the bare legged school of ages, and Mr. Thompson is an excellent caterer, and will bring out first class talent.

The reverend John Eaton, jr., was the lucky winner of two of the prizes at the recent drawing of the Hernando lottery. What a pity that every clergyman cannot be so fortunate. Perhaps it may be a providence in favor of that by and by. When it does, Brother Bliss will say to the venerable Dr. White, "I have won $1,000 in the Kentucky State Lottery," and the Rev. Dr. White will say "I have a ticket in the big scheme of the Havana lottery;" and Rev. Dr. Ford will complain of a head ache from playing keno all night, and the Rev. Mr. Miller will have a share in the Pawnee Agency, and Rev. Dr. Eaton will be the winner of a big bet on a horse race. It will be some time before all our clergymen are thusly. Mr. Eaton is in advance of public opinion, and means to go on. He is the representative of Richard Radical piety.

A respectable colored man called on a Second street merchant yesterday, and wanted advice. He said "he had done gone and joined dose sleigh, and now he was tied up will cause an devilment, as he didn't suit him, and he wanted to know how he was to get out of it."

Merchant—Don't white men quit it? Don't they just walk off and have no more to do with it? Ain't you a free man now? Why can't you quit it just as a white man does when he don't like it?

Colored Man—I spect dey swar us wusser as white men?

Merchant—They can't do anything with you if you quit?

Colored Man—Den I leaves it mighty quick. I don't want to have trouble wid Southern people. I don't want to preach dem no how.

With this the colored man left to quit de sleigh, and tell his companions that there was no danger in their imitating his example.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The Grand Jury returned a voluminous bill of indictment for embezzlement of county funds against Thomas Leonard, late County Judge. This legal document covers sixteen pages of legal cap paper. It bids fair to be the sensational case of the Criminal Court, and will no doubt call forth all the erudition and eloquence of the criminal bar of the city. Another noted case is the indictment against James E. Richardson for perjury, growing out of a complex Chancery cause, with as many ramifications as the famous one of Jarnagan vs. Jarnagan, reported by Dickens. There will probably be reached during the present term. The case of George B. Wade compelled the attention of the Court yesterday. Seven jurors were secured. The panel will be filled up this morning, and the trial proceeded with. The cases for to-day are—

22. George B. Wade, larceny, etc.
23. R. Cowan, Jr., rape.

Colored men, fifty cents a pair, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 299 Main street.

A HOUSE FOR HOME PATRONAGE.

Memphis Enterprise.

There is an old saying that "when you get a good thing save it," and the rule under which the aphorism should hold good, survives the waste of years and the abrasion of use.

"The cry is not yet, do live after them,
The good is oft interred with their bones,"

and amidst the general demoralization which hangs like a pall over every part of what was once our country, it is like an oasis in the desert to eyes already growing dim with the arid sterility of burning sands, to have a place among us that will and can well out as a spring with healthful waters and shaded by palms.

THE HOUSE OF JO. BANFILL & CO.,

who are pursuing the avocation of rectifiers and dealers in domestic and foreign liquors, bar stores and manufacturers of

IMPERIAL BITTERS,

is out of the ordinary industrial and augmenting interests that bring wealth and accumulate profits from the list of articles passing only through first hands. This house imports its foreign brands directly to itself, and is capable of selling on the very cheapest and most desirable terms. Their establishment, No. 3 Bradley block, is filled with the choicest liquors and wines, as well as their own manufactured and highly flavored article of "Imperial Bitters."

THE PRINCIPALS OF THIS HOUSE

are well known citizens, including the senior partner, our old friend, Jo. Banfill, of Slocum's Washington Artillery, of the Fifth Corps, who is ably seconded by Dan. Able, whom everybody knows. Dan. Able, whom everybody knows. Dan. Able, whom everybody knows, and R. P. Bolling, one of our most popular Aldermen, and W. H. Turley, late of East Tennessee. The following brands are warranted by them, and surely they include such variety, the most refined taste and educated appetites may be propitiated: Jo. Banfill's Magnolia Whisky; Steamboat do.; Columbian X, XX and XXX; Golden Horn do X's; Imperial Crescent do.; Tennessee White double X and triple X; Planter's Friend; all the X's; Golden Medal Bourbon; Three Star XXX; Crown Anchor, all the X's; Sportsman's Favorite, all the X's; Robinson County, V. A. Brown's Monongahela; Royal Bourbon, and Winchester Rye. One would think, in such variety of corn and rye juice, all sorts of tastes might discover adaptability. Then there are other items of the catalogue is which special attention may be called, including Cognac, Holland's Cordial Gin, New Orleans Rum, Jamaica, Imperial Bitters and Ginger Wine. Not being an adept as a taster, we can only express the confidence we have in the character of the house by saying that we intend here—one containing the finest brands of foreign vintages and the most desirable of home manufacture. When social life almost demands that a sideboard shall not be observed, notwithstanding the efforts of philanthropists to the contrary, it is a *sine qua non* that the stimulants should be pure. He who would purchase jewelry from a peddler, would be regarded as a consummate fool knowing its true value, might naturally expect to be cheated, and the prudent man indulges in no such luxury unless he buy from some established craftsman, whose position inspires confidence. In the same way, the purchaser of stimulating fluids should consult his interests and those who are his customers, by supplying his stock from a source he be bound from every circumstance, to believe is pure and unadulterated. Here, Jo. is your very good health. We shall certainly call at No. 3 Bradley Block.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, June 20, 1867.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was clear and warm. The river here is declining at the rate of a foot in every twenty-four hours. The Ohio is receding slowly, with six feet in the canal. At Cairo and St. Louis the river is falling slowly. White and Arkansas rivers are receding, with a fair stage in each.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Golden Eagle, Cincinnati.
" Empire, Louisville.
" R. E. Lee, Evansville.
" Louisville, New Orleans.
" Belle St. Louis.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Louisville, Louisville.
" R. E. Lee, New Orleans.
" Anna, Cincinnati.
" Gleaner, Little Rock.
" Victor No. 2, Hatle's Point.

BOATS IN PORT.

Belle St. Louis, Golden Eagle, Florence Traber, Empire.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business on the wharf, yesterday, was exceedingly dull, though there were large piles of freight on the levees, which had been discharged from the Cincinnati packets. Shipments to the Arkansas river are quite light.

The Nyanza, from Mobile to Montgomery, sunk on the Alabama river, eighteen miles above Mobile, on Friday evening. The boat was valued at $25,000 and was not insured. Her cargo consisted of supplies for the poor people in the interior, among which were three hundred sacks of corn. Cargo worth $20,000, and is partially insured. The Nyanza was built at Pittsburg.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* of Sunday reports twenty-three boats in port, and but one—the Louisville mail boat—advertised to leave on that day. Either times are dull up there, or the boatmen were observing the Sabbath.

Tom Waters, a deck hand on the Princess, walked overboard from that steamer, on Sunday night, at St. Louis, and was drowned.

A passenger named John Jones, in passing from the lower deck of the Importer to that of the Sucker State, at St. Louis, fell overboard and was drowned. Deceased was from near Shawneetown, Illinois, and bound to Minnesota, with his family. He had on his person, when drowned, a large amount of money.

The famous steamer, the Great Republic, leaves St. Louis to-day for New Orleans, and will leave here on Saturday at five p.m.

The F. W. Strader was to have left Louisville last evening for New Orleans.

Captain Ben. Davidson has bought one-third of the Sherman at Cincinnati.

The locks at Rochester, on Green river, are broken. The steamer Wm. White is caught above, and it will take two weeks to repair.

The New Albany *Ledger* says the work on Captain Sam. Montgomery's great lightning steamer Dexter is being pushed ahead vigorously. When completed, she will be the queen of the New Orleans fleet.

The Indiana is being refitted up and painted at Portland.

The Liberty No. 2 will probably resume her trips in the Louisville trade, and leave that city on Saturday for this port.

A vessel with a valuable cargo was captured for smuggling at St. Marks, Florida, a few days since. The Captain could show no manifest or invoice when called upon to do so.

The St. Louis *Republican* says the Imperial is on her way to that port with four empty barges to take a cargo of 130,000 bushels of wheat to Prairie du Chien, from whence it will be transported by rail to Milwaukee. This wheat was brought to St. Louis some months since, and has been held for a fabulous price.

C. Harlan, a well known engineer on the lower Ohio and Mississippi, was drowned on Saturday from the steamer Bonanza, at Evansville.

The R. E. Lee arrived yesterday at noon from Evansville with a fair trip, including 4,000 sacks of corn and 100 bbls of tobacco. She added here 300 bales cotton, 60 hhds tobacco and some miscellaneous freight, and cleared at eight p.m.

The steamer Rubicon, Captain Blake, will leave the city wharf-boat to-day at five p.m., for Vicksburg and all way points in the bends. Mr. Alf. Grissom is her clever and attentive clerk.

The Glenmer cleared for Little Rock last evening with a splendid trip of freight and passengers.

The Golden Eagle, Captain Ben. Merrellen, arrived from Cincinnati yesterday morning, with a fair cargo of produce. She returns to Cincinnati to-morrow at five p.m. Captain Lawrence Carter presides in the office.

The fine steamer Louisville, Captain Ross, passed up yesterday for Louisville with a splendid trip of passengers. We return thanks to her amiable Captain for favors.

The Anna backed out for Cincinnati at seven p.m. with a good trip, including two hundred tons of old iron.

The Empire is advertised to leave for Louisville to-day at five p.m.

The Victor, for Hatle's Point, backed with a good bend trip.

The Belle St. Louis, Captain Zeigler, arrived from St. Louis last evening with a fair trip. She returns to-day at five p.m.

The Florence Traber is advertised to leave for Little Rock to-morrow evening.

The Princess will leave the Star wharf-boat to-day at twelve m. for the Arkansas river and all way points.

REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE.

From our Correspondent of the War.]

FRIEND DEMAS: Why don't you extend your trip for items to the "Devil's Elbow," the "Black Crook" of the Old Muddy, twenty knots around and one and a half through. High water, with all its accustomed horrors, don't "shut down" the spirit of the people, or stop the "gay and festive" from a hop when the occasion offers. The Victor No. 2 is in the trade semi-weekly, prompt as a clock, regular as dinner time and as clever as the old squatter Colonel Faulkner, who played the balance of "that tune." The June rise is still on the tollers of the soil. Cotton, the monarch plant, is taking its fourth baptism, and corn will soon take its place for a crop, and a season engagement with "Corn" must be affected. "Panola" has closed her engagement with a bad season and faded bloom. The idea of summer forbids her stay, and a complimentary benefit from the "Bureau" and uncle "Sam" won't pay. The west may look for corn on the "trodden down" fields of Dixie; the crisis has demanded it, and the flood of waters up to date has made it an "agricultural necessity." The citizens of North Crittenden and South Mississippi counties are anxious to curtail the two hundred miles front, and make a new county of their own, with Cottonwood Point for headquarters. The move is a good one. "Oacoola" represents Mississippi—Marion and Crittenden counties; "Helena," Phillips; and "Lake Village" Chicot. We would suggest "Cottonwood Point" for the new town of the new county. The owner of this site is willing to donate the ground necessary for the court house. "Albert Pike county" in compliment to the State's warrior, statesman, poet and editor, meets with the general approval of the war people. The terminus north to be "Barney's bayou," embracing the rich highlands of the McGavocks, and extending south to "Greenock Bend." The people ask for all the bonds as a reward for their taxation—good levees and schools, navigable roads, will alone reclaim Arkansas. "The coon skin and dug-out" age asks for advancement. This is her medium pressed on you, in the absence of a press to press her own rights through. The natives at the old plantation, from old Mass still at home to "Uncle Tom," look with pleasure for the "Victor" and the AVALANCHE. This packet has a "house" of her own, and a worthy household for its staff. John Grehan, of the *Appeal*, has her office, whose local claims are "at par"—legal tenders always acceptable to the people.

Hackie Bend, from Bateman's to the foot of Thirty-six, represent the D Bow in its grand circuit.

In a happy time, with "all aboard," and with good wishes to you and your AVALANCHE—

Long may you wave,
With your own standard aloft;
While each "Victor" is on your deck,
We'll cheer you from the quarter.

"Gallivat" bold is on your deck,
"McCleary" is on the wayward track;
A "Rose" lights the wayward earth,
And "Hardee" is a Duff!"

With yours truly,
Arkansas traveler,
WEBSTONE, JR.

Messrs. Levy & Miller have been awarded by the Board of Aldermen, the privilege of placing at the landing a wharf-boat.

Captain Wm. Johnson, of the Star wharf-boat, returned home yesterday, from Louisville. Captain Billy was hard at work last evening filling on that Lee.

St. Louis exchanges of Tuesday has the following:

The river fell about two feet since Sunday evening. This is a rapid decline under the circumstances. Good rises are expected to ensue for several successive weeks. There cannot now be any fears of a freshet at this point. Business was very quiet on the wharf yesterday. There will not be much sent before the new crops are being shipped to market. It was decided at the boatmen's meeting to leave the subject of freight rates undisturbed. There is competition enough to keep Ohio and Missouri river freights down to a paying point. That being the case it follows that rates will be low this week; very low we fear. Tonnage is increasing in port by the return of the mountain boats. We learn that there is a light tonnage in readiness for Vicksburg freights between the White river line and the Atlantic line. Weather fine.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Tuesday has the following:

At a meeting of the C. C. M. Association, held yesterday, a new form of bill of lading and dray ticket was adopted, to take effect on and after the 20th day of August. The new bill of lading, with the exception of explosion and collision, and the privilege of reshipping, stowing, or lighter and towing in the Ohio river. The Magnolia Company contemplates building a new side wheel packet for the Maysville trade, to be ready for the forthcoming season. An interesting little daughter of Captain R. S. Yerkes, of the steamer Berths, died in Covington, Kentucky, on Sunday last.

The Louisville *Courier*, of Tuesday, says:

The river was about at a stand, or slowly swelling yesterday, with six feet two inches in the canal in the evening by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours it had risen about an inch at the head

RAILWAY.
Editors and Proprietors
Daily (every day, except Sundays), per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $5
Advertisements inserted at $1 a square for first insertion and 75 cents for each subsequent insertion.
OFFICE:
In the new building, No. 99 Jefferson street, near the corner Main.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WEDNESDAY'S AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

The Registration System in Alabama.

The Trial of Maximilian Postponed.

Texas Judges Refuse Negro Evidence.

MOBILE, June 18.—Registration commenced here yesterday. One hundred and fifty registered, twenty-three whites and one hundred and twenty-seven negroes.

ATHENS, Ga., June 18.—Registration of voters in the Eighteenth Senatorial district was commenced to-day at one precinct in the outskirts of the city. One hundred and sixty-eight voters were registered, one hundred and fifty-eight blacks and ten whites.

MEMPHIS, June 18.—Judge H. H. Lyons died yesterday.

Registration yesterday show the whites to be five ahead. At Buford's outlet first day 440 were registered, whereof 307 were negroes.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Advices from Queretaro to the 1st instant state that the trial of Maximilian, Miramon and Marquez was nominally postponed till June 4th, really until after the fall of the city of Mexico and Vera Cruz. Maximilian is in better health and hopeful.

Judge Rives, of the Ninth Judicial District of Texas, and Judge Dougherty, also of Texas, in charge to the grand jury, stated that they should not receive the testimony of negroes, as the law of Congress on the subject is unconstitutional.

ANOTHER CASE OF DOG HAT

The "Press and Times" on a Radical Candidate for Congress.

The ripsnorting, ranting, disorganizing aspirant for Congress, D. H. Mason, late editor of a rebel newspaper at Rome, Georgia, came to sudden grief at Franklin on last Saturday, where he had an appointment to speak. After he finished his harangue, in which he denounced Mr. Trimble as running on the Ethridge platform, and promised that he would give the negroes forty acres apiece of confiscated land, together with all the houses and town lots which they might pick out for themselves, General James P. Brownlow took the stand, and informed the audience that the man who had just addressed them was a bushwhacker, and had served in the rebel army at Rome, Georgia. He then turned to Mason, who stood trembling in the crowd, and asked him if he did not enlist in the rebel army, and if he was not discharged in 1864. Mason, with great confusion and embarrassment, confessed that he had been a rebel soldier. General Brownlow then asked him if he did not edit a violent rebel newspaper at Rome, in 1862. Mason again, with great embarrassment, confessed the charge. His partisans in the crowd were thunderstruck at this exposure, and showed strong symptoms of disgust and indignation. But poor Mason's sorrows had just begun, for as he was walking off crestfallen and discomfited, a young man, named Pope, came up to him and asked him if he (Mason) did not some years ago, owe a man named Moore a note for his horse, and steal money from it. Mason, in the presence of twenty persons, confessed the theft. Mr. Pope again asked Mason if he was not expelled from college at Marysville, Tennessee, for stealing money from his fellow students. Mason admitted that he was guilty, but said that he had repented and was now a remarkably honest man.

The followers of Mason, at Franklin, feeling outraged at the gross deception he has practiced upon them, are dropping him rapidly. Yesterday Mason was approached by a gentleman on our streets, and in the presence of Abram Smith, Buck Lewis, Ali. Watkins, T. A. Kouchival and several others confessed that he had committed these different thefts, but claimed that he had since repented and reformed. In consequence of these developments the stock of the disorganizer has experienced a sudden fall in the market. We leave the followers to their reflections for the present, and will make some further revelations in a few days.

SHAMEFUL BULLYING.

Some of Brownlow's Pups Want Blood! But are Very Careful not to Spill Their Own.

From the Nashville Gazette of Tuesday.

Last evening some of Brownlow's minions set on Joe Williams, Mr. Menifee's store on Broad street, on the plea that they wanted a discussion with him. The clerk informed them that he could not allow of such a thing in his store. Still they persisted, and gradually becoming more saucy, they betrayed their real intent and declared that they wanted blood! The clerk told he didn't keep that article—they couldn't get it there—perhaps they might find it on the street. Williams, appreciating the situation, prepared himself for them, and made it evident that if they wanted blood, they could have it. On seeing this the cowards simmered down, ingloriously and sneaked off.

After night they appeared again in close vicinity to Williams' eating saloon, poking around like bats for awhile in the dark, but whatever might have been their intentions their courage oozed out at their finger ends, and they sneaked off as they came, without doing any mischief. These petty bullies should be looked after by the police.

The Nashville *Union and Dispatch* learns from a Decatur (Alabama) telegram that during the terrible thunder storm of Saturday, Miss Mattie Banks, daughter of Colonel Banks, of that place, was struck by lightning while asleep on the sofa near the fire place in her room. Her clothes were nearly all torn from her body, which was terribly blackened and bruised. When her situation was discovered, she was utterly unconscious, and up to five o'clock yesterday she showed scarcely any signs of life. There is no probability that she will recover, so great are her injuries. She was alone in the room at the time of the occurrence.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, June 20, 1867.

The money market continues quiet and easy. The discount market rules close, with the rates of interest firm and unchanged. First class approved paper rules at 10@15 per cent.; commercial paper rules at 15@18 per cent.

GOLD.—In New York gold was firm and steady at 138¼. The market here was inactive, with the premium rates ruling at 136@137. Silver remains quiet and firm, buying at 125@129.

EXCHANGE.—Firm and steady; buying at ½ off, and selling at ¼ premium.

CITY SCRIP.—The market yesterday was firm, with a good demand and fair transactions. Brokers during the morning were buying at 69@69½, and selling at 69@69¾. Holders in most cases were holding firm at 69@70. County Scrip rules firm at 85@90. Police Scrip—buying at 75@80.

BONDS.—Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, 25@30c; Memphis and Little Rock first mortgage bonds, 70@90; Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds, 60@70; Tennessee bonds, with coupons, 90@95; Memphis and Little Rock second mortgage bonds, 50@55; Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, 50@55; Memphis city coupons, 60@65; Memphis city railroad bonds, 50@60.

SOUTHERN MONEY.—Quiet and steady; a small demand and little offering. Transactions are confined to small lots: Bank of Tennessee, old, 40@45c; Planters Bank, 94c; Union Bank, 95@96c; Union Bank Certificates, 96c; Bank of Commerce, 10c; Bank of Commerce, 86c; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of Middle Tennessee, 85c; Bank of Nashville, 80c; Bank of the Union, 95c; Bank of Knoxville, 42c; Bank of West Tennessee, 45c; Banks Bank, 95c; City Bank, 90c; Commercial Bank, par; Merchants' Bank, 95c; Northern Bank, 85c; Ocoee Bank, 8c; Bank of Shelbyville, 80c; Southern Bank, 95c; Traders' Bank, 95c; Life and General Insurance Company, 20c.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, June 20, 1867.

Trade in the leading markets is steady and unchanged, with a small local and shipping trade doing in plantation supplies.

Corresponding market yesterday was quiet, but firm, with few transactions. Sales for the day foot up small, with middling at 24½@24¾c; low middling at 23½@23½c; ordinaries at 22½@23½c. The market closed quiet and steady. The Liverpool market was reported quiet, but firm, with uplands at 11¾c; Orleans, 11¾c. Sales for the day, 8,000 bales. The New York market was reported steady and unchanged.

Sugars	11 @12
Low middling	22 @23½
Middling	23½ @24¾
Good middling	25 @25½

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent. is obtained.]

COAL.—The market yesterday was quiet with full receipts and light transactions. Choice white and yellow, on the levee, ruled at 90@91 25; in store at 95@97 50; mixed and inferior ruled at 85@90 on the levee.

CORN.—Quiet and steady, with a small trade doing; choice, on the levee, ruled at 80@85; in store at 85@90.

CORN MEAL.—Steady at 85@90; in store at 90@95.

FEED.—Steady, with a small trade doing; choice, on the levee, ruled at 80@85; in store at 85@90.

HAY.—Dull and inactive, with a large supply on the market. Prime timothy, on the levee, ruled at $22 50@24; in store, $24@26; lower grades ruled at irregular rates.

CHICKENS.—In fair supply, selling at $6@8 10 per dozen; spring chickens are coming in freely, but selling at irregular rates, from $3 50@5 per dozen.

BUTTER.—Quiet, with a large stock on the market. Choice yellow ruled at 24@25c; new yellow, 23@24c; common, 15@20c.

PROVISIONS.—Mess pork rules dull in large lots at $23 50@24; in small lots at $24 50; prime is nominal at 18@19; light request at $20@22 50.

BACON.—Steady. Clear sides ruled at 13@13½c; clear ribbed sides, 12@12½; ribbed sides, 11½@12¼c; shoulders, 9¼@10¼; canvassed hams, 14@16c; plain hams, at 13@13½c; breakfast bacon, 15@16½c.

LARD.—In fair demand, with small receipts, with sales at 22@23c.

FLOUR.—Inactive and unchanged, with a small trade doing: superfine, $10@12; extra, 13@14; double extra, $15@16; fancy, $17@19.

HAMS.—Quiet and steady. Keg leaf, 13½@14c; tierces, 12¾@13c.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.—The market is inactive. We quote white lead, as to quality, 12@16c; American zinc, 9@10c; French zinc, 12@16c; linseed oil, $1 80; turpentine, $1 10; dryers, 16c; putty, 7½@8c.

GREASE.—In demand, at 7@7½c per pound for shipment.

GUNPOWDER.—Inactive and nominally $10 per keg, $5 50 per half keg; $3 25 per quarter keg.

LEATHER.—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 40@45c; hemlock, 40@42c; harness, 38@42c; skirting, 45@46c; uppers, per dozen, $35 50; French calf, $60@72; American calf, $45@54.

FISH.—Quiet, with a fair jobbing trade doing. North Carolina white shad, half barrels, $10; family Roe herrings, half barrel, $10; cut herrings, per barrel, $8; Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl, $25; per half bbl, $12@12 50; per kit, $2@3 10; No. 2 per bbl, $21; per half bbl, $11; per kit $2 75. No. 3 per bbl, $16@18; per half bbl, $10; per kit, $2 50@2 60. White fish, per half bbl, $7@8. Dried cod per lb, 8@9c. Dried herrings per box, 65c.

CHEESE.—Nominal; Western Reserve 17@18c.

RICE.—Firm and steady at $8@9 per ton.

COFFEE.—Market steady with a small trade doing: Rio, 26@29c; Laguira, 32@35c; Java, 40@46c.

MOLASSES.—Market inactive, with a small trade doing: New Orleans, 80 to 90; Sorghum at 65 to 75c. Syrups 95c to $1 10.

SUGAR.—Steady and quiet. Orleans 13½ to 16c; crushed and powdered 17@17½c; coffee sugars 15 to 16½c; yellow refined 13 to 15c.

POTATOES.—In good demand, with few of the old crop on the market, which are selling at 90@$5 per barrel; new in fair supply, selling at $6@6 50 per barrel.

ONIONS.—In fair demand at $3 50@4 50 per brl.

BRAN.—Quiet at $1 25@1 50 per brl for prime to fancy.

RICE.—Quiet at 11¼@12¼c per lb.

SALT.—Steady and dull at $2 75@3 per brl.

TALLOW.—9@10c per lb.

TOW.—Quiet at $9 per keg.

TURPENTINE.—Firm at $1@1 10 per gallon.

CANDLES.—Dull and quiet at 16c for light-weights.

WHITE LEAD.—Steady at 12 to 16c per lb.

WOOL.—In fair demand; unwashed, 20@28c; washed, 30@40c per lb.

WHISKY.—Market steady and quiet, with a small trade doing. Sales of common at $1 90@2 25; Bourbon, $2 50@3 25.

VINEGAR.—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. A fine stock is on hand and new supplies are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $1 20@1 50; fancy Virginia, $1 50@1 75; extra, $1 90@2 25; fine bright, $2 50@3 00; common bright, 50@75c; fine fancy smoking, 75c@$1 50.

TOBACCO.—Steady at $1 20@1 50; Rosendale, $1 25@4 50.

BRICKS.—In fair demand; flint, 17c; salted, 19@20½c; green, 8@9½c.

[OFFICIAL.] BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

[CONCLUDED.]

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Bolling:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN—Your petitioners beg to represent that they desire the privilege of opening an alley, or extending the alley between Court and Madison streets to the river.

Your petitioners would call your attention to the fact that the property owners in the alley desire all the facility in moving their cows and the alley in its present condition is of no use to them. Your petitioners would respectfully submit that the extension of the alley to the river would be a great convenience to the property owners in the vicinity, and would be the means of improving the property in the vicinity. Your petitioners would further represent that the property owners on both sides of Court and Madison streets, between the alley and the river, are willing to open the alley at their own expense, and would be willing to pay all the property holders on south side of Court and north side of Madison.

Referred to the Committee on Streets and Alleys.

GRAVES: Your petitioners beg to represent that they furnished the material for the building of the sidewalk in front of their premises, on the west side of Main street, between Jefferson and Monroe streets, and that the same is now completed, and they ask that the city pay for the same. Your petitioners would further represent that they have expended two hundred and six dollars and eighty-one cents for said sidewalk, and that they are justly entitled to the same. Your petitioners would further represent that they have paid for the same in cash, after deducting the amount of wharfage due the city, and that they are now in need of the money. Your petitioners would further represent that the amount due them is $206 81, which sum they have paid at eighteen and one-half cents on the dollar, making a loss of $37 95. Now your petitioners pray your honorable body to appropriate to them the sum of $37 95, which sum they have paid at eighteen and one-half cents on the dollar, making a loss of $37 95. Now your petitioners pray your honorable body to appropriate to them the sum of $37 95, to allow the said $37 95, which is justly due to; and your petitioners will ever pray. HIGGS & PETERSON.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By Alderman Townsend:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

Your petitioner, William F. Hardin, a citizen of Shelby county, Tennessee, would respectfully represent to your honors, that he is the owner, by regular assignment, of lots 28, 31, 32, 33 and 34, in square 1, in the city of Memphis, known as the Navy Yard, and that the rent due the city on said lots has been paid up to the 1st day of January, 1867. Your petitioner would also state that said lots were leased by the city for the term of ten years, and that the term has not yet expired. Your petitioner would further state that, since the time of the lease, with the consent of the city, he has assigned to various parties, until at present he is the owner of but lots 31 and 32. Your petitioner would further state that he has been offered a valuable consideration, said leases have never been recorded on the books of the Register of Shelby county, and that he is desirous of selling the same. Your petitioner would, in view of such a probable or said original lessee he would make the registration, and that the Mayor be authorized and directed to execute said leases to said lots for the remainder of the term, embodying the same terms and conditions as the original leases.

WILLIAM F. HARDIN.

Referred to Finance Committee and City Attorney to report.

By the same:

To the honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: On or about the 3d day of April last, your City Recorder, Mr. Fowlkes, called me to see about the City Hall. He informed me that the City Council had something to do with it. I was informed that the bill would be laid in cash, and was so instructed to make it out. In accordance with the contract, I was informed that he was to receive from the contractor for the said City Hall, $2,000 in cash, and the balance in bonds, at seventy-five cents on the dollar. I was informed that the said bonds would be delivered to me when the building was completed, and that I was authorized to receive for the same. Respectfully,

WILLIAM F. HARDIN.

Referred to Finance Committee and City Attorney to report.

By the same:

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

The undersigned, citizens and tax payers, respectfully represent to your honorable body, that they own a large amount of property on Second street, between Union and the river, and that the street is now in a very bad condition, and that the same will be much worse in the spring of the year, and that the property owners on said street are willing to pay their proportion of the cost of macadamizing the same, from the river bank to the north line of Union street, and that the city pay the balance. And your petitioners will ever pray. JOHN NEWSOM.

Referred to Finance Committee to adjust.

By the same:

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

The undersigned, citizens and tax payers, respectfully represent to your honorable body, that they own a large amount of property on Second street, between Union and the river, and that the street is now in a very bad condition, and that the same will be much worse in the spring of the year, and that the property owners on said street are willing to pay their proportion of the cost of macadamizing the same, from the river bank to the north line of Union street, and that the city pay the balance. And your petitioners will ever pray. JOHN NEWSOM.

Referred to Finance Committee to adjust.

By the same:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: We, the undersigned citizens of the Eighth Ward, would most respectfully petition your honorable body to have Second street, from Union to Robinson street and to the river, macadamized, and the city pay the balance. We would further represent that the property of the owners fronting on said street is very much depreciated in value, and that the same will be much worse in the spring of the year, with the rapid rise and fall of the river. We would further represent that the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Smithey, an old and estimable citizen of the Eighth Ward, was killed on Second street, on the evening of the 16th instant, and when crossing that street, running east and west, and forming a tributary to Bayou Gayoso, and that the bridge on said street is in such a bad condition as to endanger the lives of those who may have to cross it. We would further represent that the property holders on said street are willing to pay their proportion of the above-mentioned improvement of streets upon which the track has been laid.

Adopted, and Aldermen Wickersham, Bolling and O'Donnell appointed the committee.

By Alderman Ayres:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby directed to notify the owners of lots on the line of the streets now being graded to lay their sidewalks to the grade of the curbing, within thirty days after the curbing has been completed.

Adopted.

By Alderman Wickersham:

Resolved, etc., That a committee consisting of three members of the Board be appointed to confer with the Memphis and South Memphis railroad company, and ascertain what amount of money they will advertise and report the bids to the next meeting of this Board.

Adopted, and Aldermen Wickersham, Bolling and O'Donnell appointed the committee.

By Alderman Ayres:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby directed to notify the owners of lots on the line of the streets now being graded to lay their sidewalks to the grade of the curbing, within thirty days after the curbing has been completed.

Adopted.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be, and is hereby directed, to repair Hilling and Tennessee streets near their intersection, so as to prevent stagnant water from remaining in pools in said.

Adopted.

By it Ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the name of "old Market street," from the bayou to Poplar street, be changed to Carroll avenue.

Passed first and third reading by a suspension of the rules.

By the same:

Resolved, That a survey be ordered on the southeast corner of the alley between Exchange and Market street, on Second street.

Referred to Gas Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That the city will open Monroe street east from Wellington street to the railroad, when the property owners give the right of way through.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That the change of the grade of streets and alleys of the city where the same is permanently established by ordinance at the time of the passage of this ordinance, shall not in any manner affect the property owners upon said grade, and agreeing in said petition not to hold the city responsible for any damage which may occur to their property by said change of grade.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That whenever a permanent grade upon any portion of a street or alley of the city has been established by ordinance, and the improvement thereon has been made by the owners or agent of the property, in conformity with said grade, that said grade so established shall not be changed unless the owners or agents of the property fronting on said portion of the street or alley shall petition the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for a change of said grade, and agreeing in said petition not to hold the city responsible for any damage which may occur to their property by said change of grade.

Adopted.

The following was then taken up and read by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, Bolling, Wickersham, Holst and Shaw.—5.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Fussell and Fleming.—10.

The ordinance was then passed first reading, and referred to Paving Committee:

By the same:

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the grade upon Second street, between Exchange and Market streets, shall not be changed until the assessment to the property owners upon said street by ANY change of grade shall be ascertained and paid into the Board.

The motion to lay on the table was carried by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst and Shaw.—5.

By Alderman Glancy:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby ordered by this Board to employ ten men and four carts to clean the alleys of Market street.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By Alderman Townsend:

Be it ordained by this Board, That the ordinance creating the office of City surveyor be and the same is repealed from and after this date.

Adopted by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, Bolling, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Wickersham, Ayres, Shaw, Holst and Cochran.—8.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to appoint a surveyor, to hold his office during the pleasure of the Board.

Adopted by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, Bolling, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst and Shaw.—5.

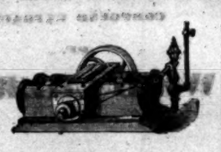
Thereupon the Board adjourned.

L. B. RICHARDS, Register.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAYRE, PLUMB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
SADDLERY

SADDLERY HARDWARE
142 Poydras Street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
DIXON & CO., St. Louis, Mo. | J. O. FORD & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

MECHANICAL WONDER
THE HICKS STEAM ENGINE.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
HICKS STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,
OF DELAWARE, O.
BLANTON DUNCAN, Pres't.
THOS. E. SHARP, Gen'l Sup't.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the public to this wonderful Steam Engine, now on exhibition at the
Avalanche Office, 22 Jefferson Street,
Which is cheaper, lighter, less intricate, occupies less space, consumes less fuel than any other engine, and is superior in every other way, it being in fact a double cut-off engine, without the complication. Call and see it before purchasing elsewhere. Price, $1,000 for 10 horse power. Warranted for one year.
OF WORKMANSHIP.
No. 22 Front Street.

Send for Circular giving minute description of Engine.
Refer to Hon. Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis.
We, the undersigned citizens of the Eighth Ward, would most respectfully petition your honorable body to have Second street, from Union to Robinson street and to the river, macadamized, and the city pay the balance. We would further represent that the property of the owners fronting on said street is very much depreciated in value, and that the same will be much worse in the spring of the year, with the rapid rise and fall of the river. We would further represent that the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Smithey, an old and estimable citizen of the Eighth Ward, was killed on Second street, on the evening of the 16th instant, and when crossing that street, running east and west, and forming a tributary to Bayou Gayoso, and that the bridge on said street is in such a bad condition as to endanger the lives of those who may have to cross it. We would further represent that the property holders on said street are willing to pay their proportion of the above-mentioned improvement of streets upon which the track has been laid.

It is a grievous fact to know that so much carelessness and ignorance exist in the minds of those who are put in to see and look after such deficiencies, where life and property are in imminent danger.

The absence of such a structure would indeed be telling condemnation upon the heads of a long and lingering child, and the pleasure which is left in the parents' household.

The travel by pedestrian over the above place is indeed immense, and, should such a fate be the settlement of what is recently known as Refined Ink here created, that is, the extension of Main street, it would be a public benefit.

Will your honors give this matter your early and prompt attention, and relieve the fears of the above-mentioned and melancholy concerned.

Your early and favorable action will ever pray!

M. H. Reddy,	Frank Brannon,
Patrick Reynolds,	Jeffrey Sullivan,
John Lindsey,	James Gawlin,
M. Reddy,	M. Gallagher,
Thomas Reddy,	William Gallagher,
W. Gaulley,	J. W. Bergenthal,
Jeffrey Reddy,	Frank Donahoe,
J. F. Moore,	James Savell,
Jeffrey Reddy,	Thomas Reddy,
C. D. Madden,	Michael Reddy,
Timothy Murphy,	Michael Murphy,
Thomas Reddy,	G. H. Darlington,
Thomas McNary,	John D. Flynn,
Hugh Ferans,	Timothy Glancy,
Thomas Reddy,	Jeremiah Hogan,
James Lavin,	Jeremiah Hogan,
	John Shaw,

Referred to Improvement Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Ayres:

Resolved, That the City Engineer be and is hereby directed to have the side of Adams street, on the corner of Adams and Main, graded.

Adopted.

By Alderman Ayres:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be instructed to have the gutters on Second street cleaned out, and report to the Board how much it will cost to have the same done.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the City Engineer be instructed to have the side of Main, opposite the Exchange, graded.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to grade Vance street, near Allen's avenue, immediately; also, Main street from Linden to Vance.

Adopted.

By Alderman Townsend:

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, That the Mayor be and he is authorized to let the contract for draining Poplar street from Main to Orleans street, forthwith, to the lowest responsible bidder, and that the said work be completed in five days.

The motion to refer to City Attorney was lost by the following vote:

AYES—Johnson, Cochran, Ayres, Bolling and Holst.

NAYS—Powers, Glancy, Wickersham, Lynn, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith and Fussell.

The resolution was then adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer (with the advice of the Paving Committee) be instructed to straighten the grade on Front street, between Jefferson and Monroe, so as to prevent damage to the owner.

Adopted by the following vote:

AYES—Powers, Glancy, Ayres, Lynn, O'Donnell, Shaw, Townsend, Leonard and Smith.

NAYS—Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst and Smith.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the office of Surveyor be and the same is hereby created, and that the Mayor is hereby authorized to appoint the Surveyor for the time being, and that his salary cease.

The chairman ruled the above out of order.

Alderman Townsend appealed from the decision of the Chair, and the same was sustained by the following vote:

AYES—Cochran, Johnson, Wickersham, Ayres, Holst, Shaw, Lynn, Glancy, Lynn, O'Donnell, Townsend and Smith.

By the same:

Resolved, by this Board, That a special committee of five be raised to investigate the work of the City Engineer and Surveyor, to the Board, to-morrow morning, the grade of Howard Row or Union street; also the amount of dirt necessary to be removed, and the amount of stone necessary to be used.

The chair appointed as said committee Aldermen Townsend, Ayres, Johnson, Wickersham, Holst, Shaw, Lynn and Glancy.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Public Board proceed at its next meeting to fill all vacancies that may occur under the late decision of the Supreme Court.

Adopted.

By Alderman O'Donnell:

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the Chickasaw Street Railroad Company be and the same is hereby authorized to lay down a track on Chickasaw street, from the present terminus of the Chickasaw street railroad to the river, and that the Chickasaw Street Railroad Company be further authorized to enjoy all the rights, privileges and franchises of a horse car railroad, by and under the same fare to the city, sets forth by the Memphis City Railroad Company, Provided, said Chickasaw Street Railroad shall be a first class road, and the iron rail used shall be what is known as the flat rail.

Passed first reading and referred to Ordinance Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That a lamp post be placed on the northeast corner of Gayoso and Second streets.

Referred to the Committee on Lamps.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Market Committee be authorized to have Fourth and South Memphis market houses repaired, at the same not to cost more than two hundred and fifty dollars, and that they advertise and report the bids to the next meeting of this Board.

Adopted.

By Alderman Ayres:

Resolved, That the Chickasaw Avenue and is hereby directed to notify the property owners on the line of the streets now being graded to lay their sidewalks to the grade of the curbing, within thirty days after the curbing has been completed.

Adopted, and Aldermen Wickersham, Bolling and O'Donnell appointed the committee.

By Alderman Townsend:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be, and is hereby directed, to repair Hilling and Tennessee streets near their intersection, so as to prevent stagnant water from remaining in pools in said.

Adopted.

Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the name of "old Market street," from the bayou to Poplar street, be changed to Carroll avenue.

Passed first and third reading by a suspension of the rules.

By the same:

Resolved, That a survey be ordered on the southeast corner of the alley between Exchange and Market street, on Second street.

Referred to Gas Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That the city will open Monroe street east from Wellington street to the railroad, when the property owners give the right of way through.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, That the change of the grade of streets and alleys of the city where the same is permanently established by ordinance at the time of the passage of this ordinance, shall not in any manner affect the property owners upon said grade, and agreeing in said petition not to hold the city responsible for any damage which may occur to their property by said change of grade.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That whenever a permanent grade upon any portion of a street or alley of the city has been established by ordinance, and the improvement thereon has been made by the owners or agent of the property, in conformity with said grade, that said grade so established shall not be changed unless the owners or agents of the property fronting on said portion of the street or alley shall petition the Board of Mayor and Aldermen for a change of said grade, and agreeing in said petition not to hold the city responsible for any damage which may occur to their property by said change of grade.

Adopted.

The following was then taken up and read by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, Bolling, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst and Shaw.—5.

The ordinance was then passed first reading, and referred to Paving Committee:

By the same:

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the grade upon Second street, between Exchange and Market streets, shall not be changed until the assessment to the property owners upon said street by ANY change of grade shall be ascertained and paid into the Board.

The motion to lay on the table was carried by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst and Shaw.—5.

By Alderman Glancy:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby ordered by this Board to employ ten men and four carts to clean the alleys of Market street.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By Alderman Townsend:

Be it ordained by this Board, That the ordinance creating the office of City surveyor be and the same is repealed from and after this date.

Adopted by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, Bolling, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Wickersham, Ayres, Shaw, Holst and Cochran.—8.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to appoint a surveyor, to hold his office during the pleasure of the Board.

Adopted by the following vote:

AYES—Ayres, Bolling, O'Donnell, Townsend, Leonard, Smith, Fussell and Halbert.

NAYS—Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Holst and Shaw.—5.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the office of Surveyor be and the same is hereby created, and that the Mayor is hereby authorized to appoint the Surveyor for the time being, and that his salary cease.

The chairman ruled the above out of order.

Alderman Townsend appealed from the decision of the Chair, and the same was sustained by the following vote:

AYES—Cochran, Johnson, Wickersham, Ayres, Holst, Shaw, Lynn, Glancy, Lynn, O'Donnell, Townsend and Smith.

By the same:

Resolved, by this Board, That a special committee of five be raised to investigate the work of the City Engineer and Surveyor, to the Board, to-morrow morning, the grade of Howard Row or Union street; also the amount of dirt necessary to be removed, and the amount of stone necessary to be used.

The chair appointed as said committee Aldermen Townsend, Ayres, Johnson, Wickersham, Holst, Shaw, Lynn and Glancy appointed said Committee.

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The Chingaroba Tobacco has attained to the very acme of the CHINGAROBA factories, and the choicest and purest leaves have been pressed to supply the demand for this delicious luxury to the veteran smoker, yet we are now prepared to offer it in unlimited quantities, at a price much lower than any American tobacco of a far inferior quality.

Those who have become accustomed to smoke the American tobacco and cheap grades are many times unconsciously destroyed, to or digested the poison Nicotin, which is the cause of the many nervous diseases, dyspepsia, etc., which are now so prevalent, and in fact alone, the infamy of the pipe and cigar.

The Chingaroba Tobacco is free from this poison, and is therefore harmless to the smoker, however much he may indulge.

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The native of the "ORIENT" smoke the CHINGAROBA from their infancy, from youth to age, and are happily exempt from those nervous diseases which are the result of the poison Nicotin, which is the cause of the many nervous diseases, dyspepsia, etc., which are now so prevalent, and in fact alone, the infamy of the pipe and cigar.

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